TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Briard.

Victoria Times.

VOL. 21 VICTORIA B. C., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1895 No. 30

The Girls
Bless their pretty faces—are fond of good perfumes, and Jay Jones keeps the choicest odors from the best makers.
The P.P.P.P. Always Open.
36 Government St.

halloner & Mitchell

will make your old Jewelry look modern; re-set Precious Stones; or manufacture any article of Jewelry for moderate prices.

47 Government Street.
Opposite Bank of B. C.

February!

The Meaning of the Word.

We don't want our friends to think us pedantic; we certainly are not running a kindergarten, but the name of the month interests us.

We've just found out that it is derived from the latin word februo—to purify by sacrifice.

That applies so aptly to our stock and our intentions that we can't help mentioning it; and if the testimony of the throngs of people who were with us during the past two weeks can be relied on (and who dares question it?) we give for Cash THE GREATEST VALUES.

Just on the eve of opening up our New Spring Stock we now propose to CLEAN OUT THE ODDS AND ENDS, even if we do have to make a great sacrifice to do it.

DONT FAIL
TO GET YOUR SHARE,

The remainder of our Fall and Winter Coats, Jackets and Wraps, including some Fur Lined Garments, will be sold so cheap that we confidently expect every one will be gone before the ides of March.

REMNANTS! We have quite a stack at your own price.

SPOOL COTTON, best 6-cord, 200 yds., assorted, any number, in black and white 20 cents per dozen.

See our price list of staples, such as White Cottons, Pillow Cottons, Sheetings, Tablings, Crash, and Roller Towelling, Towels, Flannels, Blankets, etc., etc., in the Colonist.

Special attention is called to 75 pieces (first installment just to hand) of Flannelette, worth 20 cents, to be sold all round at 10 cents per yard. Thus:

"Examples might be heaped until they hide
The rules, which they were made to render plain."

Working on the broad principle of enlightened selfishness, we know that we serve ourselves best by serving the public most.

The Westside.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

February 1st, 1895.

FOR ONE MONTH . . .

Great reductions for cash in all lines of our Large and Complete Stock

A. GREGG & SON,
TAILORS, 62 Yates St.

COAL FOR CASH.

From and after this date, we, the undersigned Coal Merchants, will sell coal at current rates FOR CASH ONLY. All orders must be accompanied by the Cash. C. O. D. orders will not be accepted.

C. J. V. SPRATT, Sole Agents for New Vancouver Coal Co.
RATTRAY & HALL, Sole Agents Wellington Colliery Co.

Victoria, February 4, 1895.

C. H. STICKELS . . . . ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.

CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT. ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

Keewatin ....Flour.... IT IS STANDARD.

The Housewife who uses it once will have no other.

ASK FOR IT.

The B. C. Poultry and Commission Company

. . . ARE SELLING LIVE POULTRY DRESSED TO ORDER . . .

Turkeys, live	19c. per lb	Chickens from	80c. to $1 per pair
Turkeys, dressed	20c. per lb	Delivered free of charge to any part of the city.	
Geese from	$1.25 to $1.50 each		
Ducks	$1.25 per pair		

22 1-2 Pandora St., Cor. Broad and Cormorant, Opposite City Market.

LATEST CABLE DISPATCHES

London Ship Owners Object to the New Rules of the Road at Sea.

Asiatic Cholera Has Broken Out at Constantinople — Quarantine Enforced.

London, Feb. 5.—Replying to the deputation of shipowners who object to the new rules of the road at sea, the president of the board of trade said to-day that they were the only unfavorable comments that had been received regarding the rules. The United States, Germany and Holland agreed to them.

A coroner's inquest on the body of Ernest, one of the ....e's victims, was begun at Lowestoft yesterday and adjourned for three weeks.

The Princess of Wales returned to London to-day, having been absent in Russia and Denmark since a short time previous to the death of the Czar. She was heartily cheered at the railroad station by the crowd.

Cholera having broken out in Constantinople, all vessels from that port are being quarantined.

Notice was given to-day of the introduction of the Welsh church disestablishment bill and Irish land and local veto bills.

Christiania, Feb. 5.—An earthquake shock was felt in the northern part of Norway this morning but no damage reported. Eleven persons were killed today by an avalanche at Kvanangen.

Fourteen thousand bales of wool were offered to-day. The best grades are in good demand and cross breeds firm.

ARREST OF QUEEN LIL.

She Will Probably be Deported to Tahiti.

San Francisco, Feb. 5.—"It is my opinion that if the Queen of the Hawaiian Islands is to be deported," said W. H. Cornwell, late minister of finance of the defunct royal government of Hawaii, "that she will not be deported to the United States. If she is deported at all by the existing government she will be sent to the island of Tahiti. I have reasons for believing this is the course to be pursued."

"Tired Nature's Sweet Restorer,

Balmy sleep" is often disturbed by fits of coughing. LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE insures a good night's rest.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists,

Sole Agents, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—Ten ton choice mangles; $8 per ton. Hastie & Bannerman. f5-6t

WANTED—A young woman as nurse or general servant in a small family. Address S., Times office. f5-2t

THE SINGLE TAX CLUB will meet in Single Tax Hall, Government street, this evening. Address by Mr. Wm. Berridge; subject, "evolution or revolution." Admission free. f5-1t

WANTED—Reliable man to manage branch office in British Columbia. Salary $600 and expenses. Enclose reference and self-addressed stamped envelope, President, Box P., Chicago. f5-1t

WHEN YOU WANT A GOOD MEAL FOR 15 cents come to the Gem Restaurant, cor. Government and Johnson streets, in Victoria Hotel Block. Dinner from 11:30 a.m. to 8 p.m. E. G. Walker, Prop. f5-3t

GOOD PUSHING AGENTS wanted at once to sell Begg's History of British Columbia. Sure to sell. Live men or women liberally and fairly treated. Write to 121 Montreal street, Victoria, or call any time between 5 and 8 p.m. and get terms. f5-2w

NOTICE.

Notice to Tenderers for constructing Corporation Sidewalks for the year 1895, and for supplying Groceries to the Home for the Aged and Infirm.

Each tenderer for the said sidewalks is required to deposit a certified cheque or cash to the amount of $25 to entitle his tender to consideration.

Those who have tendered for supplying Groceries to the Home and who desire to ensure consideration to their tenders are requested to fill up a supplementary form which may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

Said deposit to be made and supplementary tenders delivered at the office of the undersigned on or before Monday, the 11th inst., at 4 p.m.

The lowest tender or any other in respect to the supplementary tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
Victoria, Feb. 4, 1895. C.M.C.

The....
Only
Piano
WITH A TRANSPOSING KEYBOARD,
whereby a piece of music can be played in ANY key desired, is the
HEINTZMAN & CO.,
a thoroughly FIRST-CLASS instrument in every way.
Sole Agents,
M. W. WAITT & CO.,
64 Government Street

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

Haggart Denies Armstrong's Statement About the Government Guarantee.

Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—Daubney, editor of the Deloraine Times, is dead.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—Hon. John Haggart, minister of railways, gives an absolute denial to the statement that C. N. Armstrong has a guarantee from the Canadian government in placing on the London market the securities of his company to build a railroad from Gaspe to the Pacific coast parallel with the C. P. R. The minister considers it improbable that Armstrong will be able to float his enterprise on the London market or anywhere else.

Hamilton, Feb. 5.—F. E. Kilvert, collector of customs for the port of Hamilton, has gone to Ottawa to assume the duties of Thomas J. Watters, acting commissioner of customs, who has been suspended pending his trial for alleged defalcation. If Kilvert's appointment becomes permanent McKay, M. P., will likely take the collectorship.

Kingston, Feb. 5.—The Howsland school case was settled in Gillespie's favor, therefore the school in section 3 remains public. If a separate school is wanted its supporters will have to build one in the ordinary way.

Hamilton, Feb. 5.—Rev. Mr. McGill, an aged Congregational preacher, died here yesterday. His son is assistant chief analyst for the government.

Berlin, Ont., Feb. 5.—The people of Linwood village are excited over a crime believed to have been committed on Saturday afternoon. Two strangers, a man and a woman, were seen going to the woods near there with a child. They lighted a fire, and when they departed no child was with them. What is supposed to be human bones were found in the ashes afterwards.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—The Empire staff is said to be making arrangements to continue the publication of a morning paper with Lopis P. Kribbs at the helm.

W. A. Bell, city hall clerk, who was suspended during the municipal investigation, was dismissed by a vote of the council last night after 21 years' service.

Galt, Ont., Feb. 5.—South Waterloo Liberals have offered James Livingstone, M. P., the unanimous nomination for the commons, which he has accepted.

Sherbrooke, Feb. 5.—Hon. W. B. Ives was chosen by the Conservative committee to contest this constituency for the commons.

Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—A farmer named Allan, aged sixty, was found frozen to death near Portage la Prairie yesterday.

Montreal, Feb. 5.—The Victoria hockey team, of Winnipeg, defeated the Montrealers last night by five goals to one.

WASHINGTON WIRINGS.

Senators Exchange Compliments—Banker Morgan Confers with Carlisle.

Washington, Feb. 5.—P. Morgan, of New York, Secretary Carlisle and the President conferred this morning on the bond question.

Messrs. Shriever and Chapman, two recalcitrant witnesses before the sugar investigation committee, to-day gave bail for trial and were released from the custody of the marshal. Secretary Herbert said to-day he had heard nothing regarding the reported imprisonment of officers and men of the Concord by the Chinese and that he was inclined to believe there was no truth in the report.

Senators Mitchell and Harris had a war of words in the senate to-day over the objection by Harris to Mitchell's addressing the senate in favor of a report he wished to present from the committee on claims favorable to the bounty sugar claims. Mitchell charged Harris with "lying outright and unscrupulously things" and Harris declared Mitchell's conduct "contemptible."

CHINA AND JAPAN.

Chinese Offering a Stubborn Resistance at Lin Kung Tao.

London, Feb. 5.—A Hiroshima dispatch says that despite the fierce and prolonged Japanese attacks upon the forts at Lin Kung Tao the Chinese still hold the forts.

A Tientsin dispatch says that two Chinese colonels and two captains have been degraded for retreating from Yung Cheng.

THE TROLLEY STRIKE.

Excitement Subsided—No Wire Cutting During the Night.

Brooklyn, Feb. 5.—The complaint of the strikers against President Norton of the Atlantic avenue system, charging him with violating the United States laws by having signs inscribed "United States mail" on the cars of the road on which no mails were carried, was dismissed in the federal courts to-day. It is thought the mayor will veto the resolution passed by the aldermen yesterday revoking the licenses and franchises of the trolley lines. The resolution is declared to be unconstitutional. No cases of violence or wire cutting occurred during the night.

SPEECH FROM THE THRONE

Nothing Unusual in the Speech Read at the Opening of Parliament.

The Anti-Parnellites to Demand and Immediate Appeal to the Country.

London, Feb. 5.—Parliament reassembled to-day. The session was opened by the reading of the Queen's speech. The speech said:

"My Lords and Gentlemen:—

"My relations with foreign powers are friendly. An agreement was concluded for the settlement of the frontier between the English and French possessions in Africa. I regret to say that the war between China and Japan continues. I shall lose no favorable opportunity of promoting a peaceful termination of the contest. In compliance with the representations of the powers to the Porte the Sultan has declared his intention of punishing the persons guilty of the Armenian outrages.

"I am happy to observe that in Ireland offences against the law have sunk during the past year to the lowest level on record. Proposals will be submitted remedying the defects in the law governing landlord and tenant in Ireland.

"A bill will be presented dealing with the church establishment in Wales.

"I regret that agriculture continues to be in a seriously depressed condition.

"Bills will be submitted for the settlement of trade disputes, for county government in Scotland, and for dealing with the Crofters in that country."

The Anti-Parnellite members of parliament to-day re-elected Justin McCarthy chairman for the session. Redmond will move an amendment to the reply to the Queen's speech demanding an immediate appeal to the country on the ground of the government's failure to carry home rule.

KILLED HER HUSBAND.

A Detroit Mystery Cleared up by the Confession of a Nurse.

Detroit, Feb. 5.—Wm. Brosseau has made a confession. He says Mrs. Pope murdered her husband, Dr. Horace Elliott Pope, who was found dead in his home last Saturday morning. Brosseau asserts that Mrs. Pope has made fourteen attempts to kill the doctor in the last two years in order to get the insurance on his life. Brosseau was employed as Mrs. Pope's nurse, although she is a tall and apparently robust woman, for years past she has had this man as her attendant. Brosseau at first claimed that he killed Dr. Pope because he had found him trying to murder his wife. He was arrested on suspicion and to-night broke down and confessed. Mrs. Pope is also under arrest.

WHISKY RAID.

Leaders of Moonshiners Captured at Red Sulphur Springs.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 5.—General Kellar Henderson, who led a force of internal revenue officers into the moonshine haunts of Hardin county, returned yesterday, having lodged some of the famous moonshiners in jail. There was a sharp battle on Sunday morning at the house of Thomas, the leader of the gang of illicit whisky men. Fifty shots were fired. The moonshiners escaped barefooted and almost naked through the snow, but were recaptured. Gus and Ed Thomas, against whom is charged the murder of several persons in the vicinity of Red Sulphur Springs, are among the captured. The officers destroyed several large stills.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC TROUBLE.

Likely to be Amicably Adjusted on Thursday.

San Francisco, Feb. 5.—Richard V. Dey, secretary for John W. McKay, and one of the executors of the estate of Mrs. Fair, is ill with disease of the kidneys. Though he has been afflicted for some time, the ailment until recently has not assumed a serious appearance. The petition presented by Henry E. Highton, attorney for Alice Edith Blythe, in which she asked for a rehearing of her appeal in the Blythe estate contest, has been denied by the supreme court.

When seen last night Chief Arthur said: "We have accomplished nothing so far, but expect to arrive at some settlement of the dispute on Thursday. I am going away for a day or two, but I will be back to meet the Southern Pacific officials here on Thursday. We have submitted several propositions to them, and they want to consider them. The nature of the propositions I must positively decline to discuss. I can only say that I expect to see this matter amicably adjusted on Thursday.

—At the meeting of the Single Tax club on Wednesday night Mr. Berridge will deliver a lecture.

—The Ladies' Auxiliary of Jubilee Hospital will give an "at home" at A. O. U. W. hall on Thursday night, and a very enjoyable time is anticipated. Dancing is to close the evening and good music is promised.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

ALL OVER THE PROVINCE.

An Interesting Budget of News Clipped From the Press of the Interior.

Mining Operations in Kootenay and Elsewhere—Several Deals—Other News.

MIDWAY.
Midway Advance.

The old Spallumcheen council may be congratulated on the efficient manner of their past two years' labors. The most important improvement introduced and that is being carried out by the council is the draining of the meadow lands of the municipality. When completed an immense benefit will be derived by those owning them and increased prosperity will result througout the neighborhood.

The Cariboo mining company, Camp McKinney, who have of late being doing the greater part of their business by the C. P. R. route, complain that goods—such as steel, returned ore sacks, etc., coming from Seattle, have been detained an unnecessary time at Kamloops owing to customs technicalities. The company were unable to make use of the last good sleighing owing to their return ore sacks having been held for duty.

Mr. E. Cote, a French settler, who took up a place on the wagon road five miles west of Camp McKinney only a few months ago, has already put up several buildings and cleaned up a considerable piece of meadow. For knocking a living out of stumps in places where no other class would think of settling, a Frenchman certainly takes the cake.

On Sunday week last the residence of Mr. Walter Death, near Armstrong, was burned to the ground. The furniture was saved and it is understood the building was insured. Another case of stovepipe through the roof.

Quite a number of teams have gone from the Spallumcheen to the Kootenay country to haul ore. The wage paid is $75 per month clear of all expenses. It is expected three or four months' work will be furnished them.

It is reported that development work on the Goldrod, Douglas camp, has disclosed a fine ledge of high grade ore. This claim was purchased last fall by Mr. J. E. Boss, and if the report proves correct he may be congratulated on his good fortune.

The concentrates at Camp McKinney will probably be treated on the spot by cyanide. A small test shipment will shortly be made to Vancouver. Mr. Bliven, of Loomiston, states that Camp McKinney concentrates can be treated very cheaply by his cyanide process, but it has not been patented in Canada, though it has been in the States.

Messrs. Suydam and McIntyre have bonded the Gem claim in Deadwood camp. Messrs. W. McCormick and J. Dunn are the owners. Under the bond certain improvements have to be made on the claim, which are now being carried out by the owners. This is a very promising property, and in the future will give a good account of itself. The terms under which the bonds were executed have not transpired. Other interests in the same camp were secured by the foregoing parties, but at present are not open to publication.

Messrs. Suydam and McIntyre left Boundary Falls by last Thursday's stage for Butte, Montana. Quite a lot of business was transacted by these gentlemen during their few days' sojourn in our midst. They acquired the ranch properties of Messrs. Roy and McCarren, respectively, at Boundary Falls. Although the deals are not fully completed as the matter stands, we are justified in stating that the purchase has been made. To those able to form an opinion, this transection is one of great importance, and marks the first step in the march of progress this section is destined to experience this summer.

KELOWNA.
Midway Advance.

Though things are quiet in the valley just at present any visitor cannot help being struck by the marked improvements which have been made during the past year on nearly almost all the ranches and the gradual but steady growth of Kelowna. New residences have taken the place of homely shacks, and a great deal of new land has been cleared and fenced in preparations for next season's operations. Times may be dull but local landowners have not by any means lost heart and are confident that better things are in store for those who "stay with" the settlement.

There is remarkably little snow in this locality, in fact the roads are quite bare. The weather is also on the whole peculiarly mild for the time of year.

The Mission valley municipality has not yet been gazetted, the reason being given by the provincial secretary's department when last heard from, that the lieutenant-governor had not yet signed the order-in-council, being still absent from the province. There is no doubt, however, of its being created.

NEW DENVER.
(Slocan Times.)

The breaks on the Nakusp & Slocan railway have all been mended and traffic is resumed once more. Ore is coming down from all the mines, but it is no longer being allowed to accumulate at Nakusp or Three Forks.

New Denver's money order office is now running, and is doing a large business. So far, more money is being sent out from it than is coming in, but that is because outside people have not caught on to the fact of its existence yet.

Twenty four horse teams are making things lively between Bannock point and the Wigwam. The effects of the thaw are now over, and each team can take three tons at a load. The chances are good that the Canadian Pacific railway company may find out before very long that it is cheaper to build fifteen miles of road and feed an engine than to feed eighty horses to move their freight that distance.

Alexander Smith, superintendent of the Surprise mine, was in town on Tuesday night. He remarked that he was surprised to see in the local press that the Surprise had closed down. It is working steadily, and will continue to do so until the winter breaks up. He has shipped about two hundred tons of ore to date, and expects to ship about one hundred tons more.

For some time past the appearance of the Alpha mine in its lowest level has been steadily improving and it has been hoped that ere long the lowest tunnel would at least find out what was underneath the great surface blowout. The strike that has been made, however, has greatly exceeded the most sanguine expectations, and the Alpha may be put down as one of the greatest mines in the Slocan country. On Tuesday the drift ran into solid ore, and the whole face of the tunnel is now in good, clean shipping ore. This proves that the ore chute is continuous for at least 105 feet from the grass root and continues down as big and with as clean ore as on the surface. It is almost impossible for any one not a practical miner to realize what this means to the camp. But if one considers that practically from the surface of the ore body over eight hundred tons of ore were shipped, which netted in the neighborhood of $40,000 over freight and treatment, one gets a hazy notion of the ore that can be mined and sold when stopes are opened up from this lower level.

Nakusp Ledge.

E. J. Mattnews, ore buyer for the Omaha smelter, was in town on Monday. He spent last week in Nakusp, trying to raise the ore blockade at that point, and he succeeded. Over 700 tons were located there, but this has all been conveyed to the head of the lake by the Kootenai. Twenty four-horse teams are hauling the ore from there to the end of the railway at the Wigwam, averaging 40 or 50 tons per day. The Nakusp & Slocan road is handling all the ore tendered them at the Forks and the concentrator.

Postoffice Inspecter Fletcher, the much abused, but very patient, overseer of Her Majesty's mail in British Columbia, arrived in from Kaslo and Three Forks on Friday. He had been visiting all the offices of the district. Mr. Fletcher was charmed with the condition of the local branch. 'E's not a bad fellow when you know 'im, but you've got to know 'im first.

The Goodenough owners shipped 22 1-2 tons of ore to Great Falls, and on Saturday received a cheque of $5,400 in payment thereof. The result was better than they anticipated.

REVELSTOKE.
Revelstoke Mail.

J. W. Thompson, of Thompson's Landing, who is spending the winter in Revelstoke, has been appointed postmaster at Thomson's Landing, which place has been recently made a postoffice town. This will ensure a better handling if the Lardeau mails than has hitherto prevailed.

A London cable sates that three Norwegian delegates of high repute are being sent to the Kootenay district of British Columbia to inspect the country with a view to sending out a large Norwegian immigration.

BOILERS FOR WARSHIPS.

Navy Department to Test the Different Classes of Boilers.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 5.—The navy department has received through the bureau of steam engineering an offer from a Chicago shipbuilding company to place two ships which they are building at the disposal of the department for tests as to the relative merits of the ordinary cylindrical boilers and water tube boilers. It appears that the two ships in question are identical in every respect, except that one has ordinary marine boilers and the other will have boilers of the water tube type. Inasmuch as the navy department contemplates supplying the Chicago with a certain number of water tube boilers in addition to the ordinary marine boilers, the secretary considers this an excellent opportunity to find out whether such boilers are suitabel for naval vessels, and Engineer in Chief Melville recommended that the department accept the offer. The secretary has authorized the tests as soon as the vessels are ready, which will probably be early in the summer. Secretary Herbert is very anxious that the water tube boilers which go into the Chicago shall be the best that can be obtained, and as the engineer in chief is in full accord with him, the tests of these boilers will be watched with great interest. It will be remembered that the engineering bureau some years ago made tests of the water tube boilers for the Monterey, and she is now the only large vessel in our service fitted with this type of boilers.

"He will come."

They stood beside her and communicated their fear that she would never see him again.

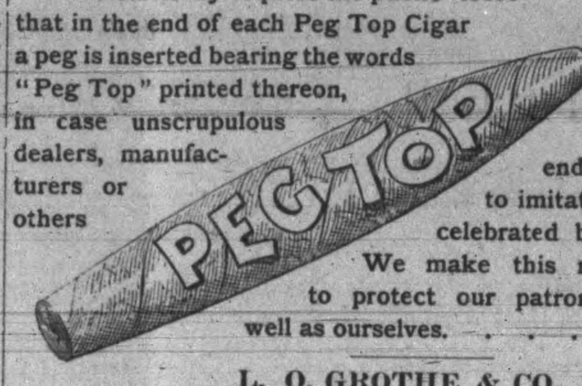
"He will come," she answered, with a sweet, confident smile. "I know he will come after what we said at parting."

When she explained to them in detail that her words to him had been:

"It is all over between us; I do not wish to see your face again," and his rejoinder, "Farewell forever!" they at once perceived that she was right.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Warning to the Public.



We earnestly request the public tosee that in the end of each Peg Top Cigar a peg is inserted bearing the words "Peg Top" printed thereon, in case unscrupulous dealers, manufacturers or others endeavor to imitate our celebrated brand. We make this notice to protect our patrons as well as ourselves.

L. O. GROTHE & CO.

OVER THE HILLS AND FAR AWAY.

Over the hills and far away,
A little boy steals from his morning play,
And under the blossoming apple tree
He lies and he dreams of the things to be:
Of battles fought and of victories won,
Of wrongs o'erthrown and of great deeds done—
Of the valor that he shall prove some day
Over the hills and far away—
Over the hills and far away!

Over the hills and far away,
It's oh, for the toil the livelong day!
But it mattereth not to the soul aflame
With a love for riches and power and fame,
On, O man! while the sun is high—
On to certain joys that lie
Yonder where blazeth the noon of day,
Over the hills and far away—
Over the hills and far away!

Over the hills and far away,
An old man lingers at the close of day;
Now that his journey is almost done,
His battles fought and his victories won—
The old-time honesty and truth,
The truthfulness of his friends of youth,
Home and mother—where are they?
Over the hills and far away—
Over the hills and far away!

—Eugene Field.

Mr. J. Alcide Chaussé
Montreal, P. Q.

A Marvelous Medicine

Whenever Given a Fair Trial Hood's Proves Its Merit.

The following letter is from Mr. J. Alcide Chaussé, architect and surveyor, No. 153 Shaw Street, Montreal, Canada:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for about six months and am glad to say that it has done me a great deal of good. Last May my weight was 152 pounds, but since I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla it has increased to 163. I think Hood's Sarsaparilla is a marvellous medicine and am very much pleased with it." J. Alcide Chaussé.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

For Sale or Rent

"WINTERBOURNE RISE," the residence of the late Sir M. B. Begbie. For further particulars apply to

tf LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO

MERCHANTS' LUNCH

Served at the

Poodle Dog Restaurant

From 12 to 2 with glass of beer or claret, 40 cents.

Regular meals with glass of beer or claret 50 cents.

18 LOUIS MARBOEUF, Pro

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome Ill. book free **DEFORMITY**

CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

Agents: Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria, B. C.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL Co. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. aug21

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House

Just Received

2 Cases More of those heavy double-width Serges

At 25c. a yard, the best materials in the market for Children's School Dresses, Ladies' House Wrappers, etc.

1 Case of Butcher's Linen

50 inches wide, 25c. a yard

1 Case Ladies' Cashmere Hose

25c. a pair.

20 doz. more Children's Handkerchiefs

25c. a dozen.

J. Horner & Co.

Bank of British Columbia.

Savings Bank Department.

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

From 1st January, 1895, and until further notice, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent. (3 per cent) per annum.

GEORGE GILLESPIE,
Manager.

Bank of British Columbia,
Victoria, 18th Nov., 1894.

GROCERIES.

Fairbank & Co's Cottolene,
Glasgow Beef-Ham,
Keiller's Dundee Jams & Marmalades
Glasgow Peas Meal,
Christie's (Toronto) Short Bread,

FOR SALE BY

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

Photo Engraving

AND ZINC ETCHING,

In Line and Half Tone.

Reproductions of Portraits, Buildings, Letters, Etc.

Jones,

59 1-2 Government Street, - Victoria, B. C.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

FUEL.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,
EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge. Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone 502. nov6-tf

PHIL R. SMITH,
Book Binder, Paper Ruler,
& Manufacturing Stationer

32 LANGLEY STREET.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 150 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses, producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 30,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed 2c stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

THE OPPOSITION PLATFORM

We, the Liberal Party of the Dominion of Canada in Convention Assembled, Declare:

THE TARIFF.

That the customs tariff of the Dominion should be based, not as it is now, upon the protective principle, but upon the requirements of the public service;

That the existing tariff, founded upon an unsound principle, and used, as it has been by the government, as a corrupting agency wherewith to keep themselves in office, has developed monopolies, trusts and combinations;

It has decreased the value of farm and other landed property;

It has oppressed the masses to the enrichment of a few;

It has checked immigration ;

It has caused a great loss of population;

It has impeded commerce;

It has discriminated against Great Britain;

In these and many other ways it has occasioned great public and private injury, all of which evils must continue to grow in intensity as long as the present tariff system remains in force.

That the highest interests of Canada demand a removal of this obstacle to our country's progress, by the adoption of a sound fiscal policy, which, while not doing injustice to any class, will promote domestic and foreign trade, and hasten the return of prosperity to our people.

That to that end, the tariff should be reduced to the needs of honest, economical and efficient government.

That it should be so adjusted as to make free, or to bear as lightly as possible upon, the necessaries of life, and should be so arranged as to promote freer trade with the whole world, more particularly with Great Britain and the United States.

We believe that the results of the protective system have grievously disappointed thousands of persons who honestly supported it, and that the country, in the light of experience, is now prepared to declare for a sound fiscal policy.

The issue between the two political parties on this question is now clearly defined.

The government themselves admit the failure of their fiscal policy, and now profess their willingness to make some changes; but they say that such changes must be based only on the principle of protection.

We denounce the principle of protection as radically unsound and unjust to the masses of the people, and we declare our conviction that any tariff changes based on that principle must fail to afford any substantial relief from the financial burdens under which the country labors.

This issue we unhesitatingly accept, and upon it we await with the fullest confidence the verdict of the electors of Canada.

RECIPROCITY.

That, having regard to the prosperity of Canada and the United States as adjoining countries, with many mutual interests, it is desirable that there should be the most friendly relations and broad and liberal intercourse between them;

That the interests alike of the Dominion and of the empire would be materially advanced by the establishing of such relations;

That the period of the old reciprocity treaty was one of marked prosperity in the British North American colonies;

That the pretext under which the government appealed to the country in 1891 respecting negotiations for a treaty with the United States was misleading and dishonest and intended to deceive the electorate;

That no sincere effort has been made by them to obtain a treaty, but that, on the contrary, it is manifest that the present government, controlled as they are by monopolies and combines, are not desirous of securing such a treaty;

That the first step towards obtaining the end in view is to place a party in power who are sincerely desirous of promoting a treaty on terms honorable to both countries;

That a fair and liberal reciprocity treaty would develop the great natural resources of Canada, would enormously increase the trade and commerce between the two countries, would tend to encourage friendly relations between the two peoples, would remove many causes which have in the past provoked irritation and trouble to the governments of both countries, and would promote those kindly relations between the empire and the republic which afford the best guarantee for peace and prosperity;

That the Liberal party is prepared to enter into negotiations with a view to obtaining such a treaty, including a well considered list of manufactured articles, and we are satisfied that any treaty so arranged will receive the assent of Her Majesty's government, without whose approval no treaty can be made.

CORRUPTION CONDEMNED.

That the convention deplores the gross corruption in the management and expenditure of public moneys which for years past has existed under the rule of the Conservative party, and the revelations of which by the different parliamentary committees of inquiry have brought disgrace upon the fair name of Canada.

The government, which profited politically by these expenditures of public moneys of which the people have been defrauded, and which, nevertheless, have never punished the guilty parties, must be held responsible for the wrongdoing. We arraign the government for retaining in office a minister of the crown proved to have accepted very large contributions of money for election purposes from the funds of a railway company, which, while paying the political contributions to him, a member of the government, with one hand, was receiving government subsidies with the other.

The conduct of the minister and the approval of his colleagues after the proof became known to them are calculated to degrade Canada in the estimation of the world and deserve the severe condemnation of the people.

ECONOMY.

We cannot but view with alarm the large increase of the public debt and of the controllable annual expenditure of the Dominion and the consequent undue taxation of the Dominion under the governments that have been continuously in power since 1878, and we demand the strictest economy in the administration of the government of the country.

FOR RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT

That the convention regrets that by the action of ministers and their supporters in parliament, in one case in which serious charges were made against a minister of the crown, investigation was altogether refused, while in another case the charges preferred were altered and then referred to a commission appointed upon the advice of the ministry contrary to the well settled practice of parliament; and this convention affirms:

That it is the ancient and undoubted right of the house of commons to inquire into all matters of public expenditure, and into all charges of misconduct in office against ministers of the crown, and the reference of such matters to royal commissions created upon the advice of the accused is at variance with the due responsibility of ministers to the house of commons and tends to weaken the authority of the house over the executive government, and this convention affirms the powers of the people's representatives in this regard should on all fitting occasions be upheld.

THE LAND FOR THE SETTLER.

That in the opinion of this convention the sales of public lands of the Dominion should be to actual settlers only, and not to speculators, upon reasonable terms of settlement, and in such areas as can be reasonably occupied and cultivated by the settler.

THE FRANCHISE ACT.

That the franchise act since its introduction has cost the Dominion treasury over a million of dollars, besides entailing a heavy expenditure to both political parties;

That each revision involves an additional expenditure of a further quarter of a million;

That this expenditure has prevented an annual revision, as originally intended, in the absence of which young voters entitled to the franchise have, in numerous instances, been prevented from exercising their natural rights;

That it has failed to secure uniformity, which was the principal reason assigned for its introduction;

That it has produced gross abuses by partizan revising barristers appointed by the government of the day;

That its provisions are less liberal than those existing in many provinces of the Dominion, and that in the opinion of this convention the act should be repealed, and we should revert to the provincial franchise.

THE GERRYMANDER.

That by the Gerrymander acts, the electoral divisions for the return of members to the house of commons have been so made as to prevent a fair expression of the opinion of the country at the general elections, and to secure to the party now in power a strength out of all proportion greater than the number of electors supporting them would warrant. To put an end to this abuse, to make the house of commons a fair exponent of public opinion, and to preserve the historic continuity of counties, it is desirable that in the formation of electoral divisions county boundaries should be preserved, and that in no case parts of different counties should be put in one electoral division.

SENATE REFORM.

That the present constitution of the senate is inconsistent with the federal principle in our system of government and in other respects defective, as it makes the senate independent of the people and uncontrolled by the public opinion of the country, and should be so amended as to bring it into harmony with the principles of popular government.

THE TEMPERANCE QUESTION.

That whereas public attention is at present much directed to the consideration of the admittedly great evils of intemperance, it is desirable that the mind of the people should be clearly ascertained on the question of prohibition by means of a Dominion plebiscite.

A Member of the Peary North Pole Expedition.

He Makes Some Interesting Statements..

Paine's Celery Compound Used in the Frozen Regions.

Mr. James W. Davidson, who went with Lieut. Peary to the Arctic regions, was recently interviewed, and made the following interesting statements:—

"Yes, indeed, I have not only heard of Paine's Celery Compound, but have used it, and have every reason to remember it. When I was selected by Lieut. Peary to accompany him on his trip to the Arctic regions to try and find the North Pole, it was partly because of my strong, healthy constitution, and his belief that I could endure the fatigue and danger incident to the trip. I had been associated with him as his business manager on his lecturing tour, and was on terms of the greatest intimacy with him.

"When the ship 'Falcon' left New York on her trip northward it had among the stores, several cases of Paine's Celery Compound. The reputation of that medicine was so well established that it was the most natural thing in the world that the members of the party, and they comprised men from nearly every walk in life, from common sailors to men of science, and should desire to use it.

"The record of our perilous trip to Camp Anniversary is too well known to need repetion. Once in camp we naturally took an inventory of our possessions, and I was exceeding glad to find the Celery Compound. The medicine chest was open to all, and we were free to take from it what we thought was advisable. I, in company with several others, selected some of the Compound, taking a bottle of it to the cabin, knowing it would be handy when wanted. Nor was I mistaken, for the excessive cold weather soon had its effects, and I began to be troubled in a number of ways. In every case whenever I felt the slightest indisposition, I used the Compound, and of course found relief.

"One thing noticeable in the Arctic region was that of the cold weather made us all exceedingly nervous. We became irritable and cross. The slightest thing would cause angry words to spring to our lips, and it required the greatest care to guard against our ill-temper getting the best of us. We had to watch one another to avoid getting into a passion. Our nerves were all unstrung and naturally it affected our health. I talked the matter over with some of the others, and made up my mind that possibly the Celery Compound would be beneficial, for I knew that it was used for nervous disorders at home so that I might say it was a peace-maker among us.

"When the long night of six months came on and we were in darkness, we found that the effects were very depressing. Imagine, if you can, living for six months in darkness, such as occurs here every night, and you can readily understand how we were situated. It is a wonder some of us did not go mad. We had not very much to divert our attention, and the effect was something like solitary confinement in a dark cell.

"I have used Paine's Celery Compound for a dozen ills such as a person is liable to have at any time, and especially in this desolate country. It has always helped me and I should be pleased to have more of it should I go north again.

"I do not know of any one thing that I can speak more highly of than Celery Compound. It certainly is a great medicine, and I am an advocate of it."

American News.

Jersey City, N. J., Feb. 4.—The hearing in the Coleman-Drayton divorce case has been postponed until Monday.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 4.—A City of Mexico special says several earthquake shocks have been felt in Luxfepec during the last month. Nearly all the houses are ruined. Smoke is issuing from the craters of supposedly extinct volcanoes.

New York, Feb. 4.—It was expected in Wall street this morning that an announcement would be made by the government respecting the bond sale, but none has been received up to 1 o'clock to-day. It is denied by the banking houses concerned in the negotiations that there is any hitch.

Milwaukee, Feb. 4.—All the passengers on the trolley car that went through the bridge have been accounted for. Only three were killed. The rest were slightly injured. There were eleven in all on the car.

Caution.

Beware of any man who offers you an imitation article, no matter what it is, and say it is "just as good as the genuine;" they sell all kinds of "sham remedies" in this way upon the reputation of the Pain Killer—be sure and get the genuine made by Perry Davis." Large bottles, popular price.

A STRANGE CHAPTER.

In the History of the Dickens Family Re-Written.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—Charles Dickens' brother, Augustus Dickens, and Mrs. Augustus Dickens, lived some time, until their death, in a house on the site of 506 North Clark street, Chicago. Recently inquiries have brought out surprising details concerning Augustus Dickens and his brother. The disclosures now made public for the first time explain not only why Dickens would not come to Chicago when he was reading in this country, but also why he had never defended himself against the charge that he had been unnatural and heartless to a member of his own family. In Forster's "Life of Charles Dickens" the novelist is made to avoid Chicago solely on the score of distance. This is merely a subterfuge. Augustus Dickens was born in 1827, and was therefore 15 years younger than Charles Dickens. The love of Charles for Augustus never suffered interruption. He cared for him until Augustus was able to care for himself. Augustus does not figure, as far as known, in any of Dickens' fictions. Like a taper suddenly blown out Augustus disappears from the annals of the Dickens family. He had married. One day in the early sixties Augustus Dickens appeared among the clerks of the Illinois Central railway company in Chicago. He wasted his salary on liquor, and the home that he occupied with Mrs. Dickens was understood to have been acquired by money given her by her father. When Charles Dickens came to give his great series of readings in the United States the fellow clerks of Augustus wrote to the novelist telling him of the distress of his brother's family. A second letter entreated Dickens to come to Chicago, not only to see the plight of his brother, the original of "Boz," but also to give the people of the city an opportunity to hear him. Appeal, entreaty and finally protest brought no sign from Charles Dickens, except a statement that his American arrangements did not include a visit to Chicago. Those who knew that Augustus was the brother of the famous writer assumed taht he remained away because his coming here might compel him to make provision for his brother and his wife, who were in poor health. The newspapers scored the novelist unmercifully. Not long after Charles returned to London Augustus died. On Christmas eve, 1868, Mrs. Dickens took morphine and died also. The empty vial told of suicide. The death of Mrs. Dickens was attributed to grief for her husband and chagrin over the apparently wilful indifference of his celebrated brother. When the question of the disposition of the homestead came up in the probate court a strange fact was discovered. The property was not in the name of Augustus Dickens, nor of Bertha Dickens, but of Bertha Phillips, daughter of Chas. Phillips, for many years a famous lawyer of London. Augustus had deserted his blind wife, Henrietta, who became a member of the novelist's family. Bertha's Chicago friends hushed the matter up at once. Before the legal acts were completed for a disposal of the property the great fire destroyed the records of the probate court. The residuary interest that had accumulated was quietly transferred. But for a recent tracing of the title probably the truth would never have been brought out, and Charles Dickens would have continued in the minds of all who thought they knew the facts little better than a monster towards his own kin.

EMILE ZOLA.

The Prince of Realistic Fiction.

Thus looks the master of realism. This is the man who has produced more work, excited more comment, probed more moral anatomies, than any living author. Needing a strengthening stimulant, Zola drinks "Vin Mariani," of which he says that "it is the elixir of life, combating human debility, and giving vigor, health and energy." This is high praise, but it is consonant with what has been said about this great tonic-stimulant, by all the celebrities of the day. "Vin Mariani" is the great nourisher. It strengthens the enfeebled constitution, makes the convalescent strong and well; is very palatable, never produces constipation, but rather aids digestion and assimilation. If you send your name to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, you will receive a little album of portraits of celebrated people, and you will thus learn something, not merely of the celebrated coca stimulant, but of the great people who drink it.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—In rendering his decision to-day in the whisky trust receivership Judge Grosscup took occasion to roundly score the stock jobbing directors of the corporation, and declared that Greenhut's application for the receivership was simply an imposition on the court.

Ringing Noises

In the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, are caused by catarrh, that exceedingly disagreeable and very common disease. Loss of smell or hearing also result from catarrh. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, is a peculiarly successful remedy for this disease, which it cures by purifying the blood.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after dinner pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation.

ARMENIAN ATROCITIES.

Another Conflicting Announcement Regarding the Outrages.

Boston, Feb. 5.—A short time ago a cablegram wrom London was received stating that Professor Ximenes, of the university of Madrid, who was in Bitlis at the time of the alleged Armenian atrocities, denied that they had really occurred. Authentic information has been received that when in Constantinople he told the ambassadors there that he had photographs of the atrocities taken on the spot and was willing to sell them to any one paying him for the trouble. He is said to have made the same offer to the grand vizier. When in Constantinople he declared that the outrages were worse than any description ofa them so far published. It is currently reported in Constantinople taht the porte paid Ximines $32,000 to suppress the facts and defend the Turkish side.

NOT AN EASY TASK.

Whiteway Having Some Trouble in Forming a Cabinet.

St. Johns, Nfld., Feb. 4.—The friction among the Whitewayites is becoming greater and the prospects of forming a cabinet are less favorable. The members of the legislative assembly whose retirement is wanted, refuse to withdraw unless they are guaranteed positions, which Sir William is unable to give. A caucus was held to-day, but no arrangement is expected before Wednesday, pending an answer to a dispatch sent to the British government asking what assistance it is prepared to give if the Newfoundland government accepts a royal commission of inquiry and agrees to adopt its recommendations. It is hoped that the imperial government will promise something that will enable the Whitewayites to accept a commission without the loss of prestige that would be involved in an unconditional acceptance.

WEAK-MAN

Cure yourself in fifteen days. I will send Free (sealed) the prescription and full particulars of a new and positive remedy for all weakness in young or old men. Cures lost manhood, nervous weakness, impotency in 15 days. I will also furnish remedies if desired. Enclose stamp and address P.O. Box 578, Toronto, Ont. e-p-4

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
oc8-tf City Engineer.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Bell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS,
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
LOFTUS BROWN, Secretary.

ST. ANDREWS AND CALEDONIAN
society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. G. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASSFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best description of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplies at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 126

Coltart & Eteson
BROKERS
Notaries Public, Shipping and Insurance Agents. Loans Negotiated.
72 GOVERNMENT STREET.

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. HULL.

S. DUCK & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale.
Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria.

W. T. HARDAKER,
AUCTIONEER.
Having leased the theatre and other premises adjoining my Auction Rooms, which gives me by far the largest and best appointed Auction Rooms in the city, I am prepared to handle Real Estate, Live Stock, Furniture and any saleable article to the best advantage. Liberal advances on consignments. Household goods, etc., bought outright for spot cash. Goods stored. All business strictly confidential.
77, 79, 81 Douglas St.

JEWELERS, ETC.

NOTICE.
On account of important business calling me away, parties having Watch Jobs left with me will please call for them.
W. J. STODDART,
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.
VICTORIA, B. C.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

THE ANNUAL MEETING
of the shareholders of the
James Bay Athletic Association
will be held at the Club House on Tuesday evening next, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and other usual business.
feb4-2t A. J. DALLAIN, Sec.-Treas.

Victoria El. Ry. & Ltg. Co., Ltd.
The annual general meeting of the above company will be held at Power House, Store street, Monday, February 11th at 8 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of receiving director's and auditor's reports and balance sheet for the past year; and for the election of directors for ensuing year, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
T. J. JONES,
Secretary.
Victoria, B. C., Jan. 26, 1895. j26-td

MISCELLANEOUS

OKELL & MORRIS are selling 2-lb glass jars of Pure Strawberry Jam for 35c. See your grocer.

ASK YOUR GROCER for 2-lb glass jar of Pure Raspberry Jam put up by Okell & Morris. Only 35c.

CHEAPEST AND BEST JAM in the city is Okell & Morris' 2-lb glass jar for 35c.

MASTERS OF SEALING SCHOONERS—Good cook open to engagement. Apply "E," 5 Green street, city.

OKELL & MORRIS' Jam once tasted will be always eaten.

OKELL & MORRIS hold ten diplomas and two gold medals for purity and excellence of Jams.

DELICIOUS HOME MADE BREAD delivered fresh daily, by Domestic Bakery, 59 Broad street. d31-3m

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—At the Dog Show, purse containing $20. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same with S. Matson, supt. j30-1t

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. feb2-m s wk1y3m

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A good country hotel business close to town; $1,000 will purchase the stock, furniture, horse and buggy, cows, pigs, poultry, etc. A. W. Morse & Co., 70 Douglas street.

TENDERS WANTED.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed tenders, addressed to the Albion Iron Works Company, Limited, will be received until noon on Saturday, 9th of February, for the erection and completion of a lot of fencing and gates.

Plans and specifications may be seen by calling at the company's office.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. feb5-3t

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 20 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city per week.....25 cts
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10.00

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

THE GOVERNMENT CANDIDATES.

There is a very strong probability that in Victoria the government party will go into the coming fight not only with the old policy but with the old candidates. It was generally believed that Mr. Earle, tired of the crookedness of his party friends at Ottawa, would retire from political life, but the antipathies of that gentleman have evidently been overcome, for he has intimated his willingness to again be a candidate. The party managers at Ottawa feared that any ticket that did not include the name of Mr. Earle would suffer crushing defeat, and hence they used their influence over that gentleman, with the result that he has consented to stick to the sinking ship. The opposition feeling in Victoria is so strong that it matters very little who the candidates are on either side, but it remains to be shown, if candidates are to be chosen from Ottawa, of what utility the Liberal-Conservative association of Victoria is. Does it exist simply to give effect to the orders of Tupper & Co.?

PERPETUAL LICENSES.

When any move is made to change the law relating to liquor licenses it is surely incumbent on the mover to show cause for the proposed change. This Premier Davie signally failed to do yesterday in connection with his bill now before the house. He had only one contention to offer in support of his measure, namely, that it would prevent the owner of a building from getting into the power of a tenant whose license runs for a longer term than his lease. Any man with reasonably clear perception will see at once that by these words the premier actually admitted that he was trying to attach licenses to licensed houses for all time to come, and therefore to create a "vested interest." It was passing strange, then, to find him in almost the same breath contending that he was not trying to create such vested interests. Perhaps the premier has succeeded in deceiving himself, and perhaps he may succeed in deluding the supporters of temperance among his followers and the public generally, but if the bill becomes law the day of enlightenment will surely come. The principle of local option will be completely destroyed; no matter how strenuously the people of any locality may desired the removal of a licensed establishment from their midst, the owner of the building will be able to defy them by adopting the simple device of changing tenants. As we have remarked more than once, the temperance people of British Columbia seem quite content to let this dangerous change be made, though they often excite themselves unduly over matters that are trifling in comparison. In any other part of the country the proposal would be apt to raise a storm.

THE ORGANIC WRATH.

The letter and the few editorial remarks which appeared in the Times yesterday in regard to the government buildings muddle have caused the government organ to froth at the mouth, the sort of exhibition with which it usually favors the public when one of its idols over James Bay is touched by profane hands. "Cowardly assailant," "mean and dishonorable," "unscrupulous," "untruthful and libellous"—such are a few of the epithets hurled about with reckless profusion. And we must say the editorial language is strangely similar to that of the premier himself when he gets excited; perhaps it was borrowed for the occasion. However, if one takes the trouble to read between the lines he will easily discover that the organic pain is caused not so much by the desecration of one particular idol as by the fact that a general failure on the part of the combination is in process of exposure. The fact is painfully apparent that the government have made a fearful muddle of the buildings business, and the knowledge that it must become more and more evident is the moving cause of the organ's terrible outbreak. As on many previous occasions, we venture to urge a little calm philosophy on its part; if it stopped to think it might reach the same conclusion that it cannot alter the facts by making a fool of itself and indulging in hysterics. Inevitably the memory of the painful exhibition will come back to it, with the thought that the exhibition was all in vain. Finally, we may ventum to paraphrase the organ's words and suggest that the chief commissioner will show good judgment if he gets down to work and puts an end as speedily as possibly to the muddling and shilly-shallying that are keeping the workmen idle and imposing an alarming amount of extra expense on the shoulders of the province in connection with this job.

THE GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS.

To the Editor: I observe that the Colonist advises Mr. Martin to treat my letter anent the government buildings contract with silent contempt. But Mr. Martin, who has one face for his constituents and another for Victorians, will not escape so easily. He will find that the public will construe his silence into prima facie evidence of culpability. It will shortly be seen that my criticisms are just and deserved, and that in addition to a government official and a bosom friend of Mr. Martin being one of the contractors, no bond or security of any kind has been given for the faithful performance of the work, and the government and public are at the mercy of the contractors. Is it any wonder that workingmen and their families are suffering for the necessaries of life while moss is growing on Mr. Martin's back and the unfinished walls of the government buildings? TAXPAYER.

"SHADED EQUIVOCATION."

Premier Davie's Statement re the Nakusp & Slocan Railway.

Mr. Semlin lately elicited three items of information about the Nakusp & Slocan railway from the premier, which are of interest to the general public: 1. That there are some claims against the contractors, but there is no reason for believing that the persons having such claims are in any danger of losing them. 2. That the government has assumed certain further responsibility in order to have the road taken over by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. 3. That in the premier's opinion, a lien could not be successfully placed on the railway.

This governmental description of the present state of affairs is a masterpiece of the carefully shaded equivocation in which British Columbia officialdom is an expert. The facts are these: The Inland Construction is waterlogged with debts which it cannot pay; and it took the course of issuing spurious cheques by the hundred to meet those debts. The cheques were dishonored as a matter of course. Why such a thing was done by a presumably responsible company is not easily explained. But it may be inferred that the contracting company had to show receipted pay-rolls to the Canadian Pacific officials before the road was taken over. It got those receipted pay-rolls.—How? It is a matter which calls for an investigation of the common Lexow variety. But instead of that, the ugly features of the transaction are glozed over by the highest legal and administrative authority in the province.

The construction company has been before described as composed of 'men of straw, and unscrupulous speculators,' and very grave exception was taken to the description. It is time to repeat it. A man who cannot pay his debts unless what he is engaged on turns out successfully, and is put up to prevent liability from falling back on some one else, is emphatically a man of straw. A man who draws cheques on a bank, knowing he has no funds there, and either trusting to luck to raise them before the cheques are presented, or acting from some motive better undescribed, is an unscrupulous speculator. What could better describe the Inland Development & Construction Company.

As for the premier's opinion that liens could not be successfully placed on the road, they have been most successfully been placed on it by the score. A question which might have been asked of Theodore Davie, and was not, is, whether in his opinion, the issure of the spurious cheques was not made to prevent the successful legal placing of liens on the road. And it might also have been asked, whether the actual placing of liens on the road has not been a complete success, because the officials of the company were in danger jumping out of the frying-pan of liability through the property into a remarkably hot fire of personal responsibility.—Slocan Times.

Sir John Lubbock is authority for the statement that a single bee, with all its industry, energy, and innumerable journeys, will not collect more than a single teaspoonful of honey during a season.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

HISTORY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The history of British Columbia carries with it enough of the romantic element to make it extremely interesting to the general reader, who may not be directly concerned in British Columbia's affairs. Our provincial history is unique—none of the other parts of Canada have developed along lines at all similar, and the historian of British Columbia should necessarily keep the characteristic features in prominence. This has been fairly well accomplished in the "History of British Columbia," written by Mr. Alexander Begg (the crofter champion this time), and just issued from the press of William Briggs, Toronto. In his volume of nearly 900 pages Mr. Begg has crowded a very full and comprehensive supply of information relating to the province, which should be of great use to the very many interested in the subject. There is reason to suppose that the volume will be of practical benefit to the province as well, by way of enlightening the outside public. There is every evidence of careful research and a desire for accuracy on the author's part. One the whole, although a few minor faults and blemishes are to be found, Mr. Begg has done his work in a creditable manner. The publisher's part has also been ably performed, and the book looks well in every respect. There are many embellishments in the shape of vignette portraits of men connected with the province, and a commendable feature is a clear map, on which the routes of the early overland explorers are marked.

Mr. Begg properly considers the history of British Columbia as commencing with Cook's third voyage, the first event in connection with which records are to be found. From that event his narrative is carried along continuously to a very recent date, the late visit of Lord and Lady Aberdeen, the death of Sir John Thompson and the Alaska boundary survey being touched upon. Perhaps a little too much space has been devoted to what is little better than gossipy details in connection with the visit of the governor-general and some minor matters. Four divisions mark as many distinct periods in the history, namely, the early discoveries, the fur-trading period, the colonial days and the province under confederation. The complication with Spain arising out of the case of Capt. Meares is dealt with at some length, as its importance deserves, since the voyage of Captain Vancouver was occasioned by this first of the international disputes in which our province has been involved. To Vancouver and Alexander Mackenzie are devoted several chapters—perhaps too much space from a philosophical historian's point of view, but quite justified by their romantic interest. The lack of time and space forbid us following the historian through many details; suffice it to say that the reader will be apt to take pleasure in following Mr. Begg's narrative right through the book. The founding of Victoria, its early history as a Hudson Bay company post and its later as a commercial centre and political capital are necessarily given prominence as an integral part of the story.

The colonial period was ushered in with the grant of Vancouver island for colonization purposes and the appointment of Ricuard Blanshards as governor. To him succeeded Sir James Douglas, whose figure as it appears on our historic page is truly of heroic size. The unsatisfactory episodes connected with the settlement of the boundary question are treated at some length, many important documents being quoted in connection with these and with the establishment of the colony. The Oregon treaty and the other arrangements which deprived this province of a large territory justly belonging to it are memorable, if unpleasant, incidents in our history. Of a totally different nature were the "gold rush" to the Fraser and the Cariboo excitement, events about which people will never tire reading. There are several interesting chapters relating to the union with Canada, embodying a large amount of correspondence and records of negotiations. The building of the Canadian Pacific, though the occurrences in connection with it are fresh in many people's minds, will be read of with interest both by the older and the younger generation. There are useful chapters also on missionary and church work in the province, on the history of educational progress and on the natural resources—mining, timber, fisheries, etc.

Brown's three star * * * special Scotch Whisky is the best drink to adopt for the new year. Pure, wholesome and of exquisite flavor.

Don't Wait

till Sickness Comes before Buying a Bottle of
PERRY DAVIS'
PAIN-KILLER
You may need it to-night

LATEST FASHIONABLE NUISANCE.

It is twelve months ago that, dejected and flat,
I sang in dismay of "The Mattuee Hat;"
But Fashion, resolved my existence to curse,
Since then has developed a nuisance much worse.

A nuisance, alack! which I see, with a thrill,
Has palpably grown, and goes on growing still;
A nuisance from which there's small chance of reprieve—
The always-augmenting, be-puffed Modern Sleeve!

I have looked at it swell, as it were, 'neath my eyes;
I have gazed at it waxing yet larger in size;
Ever-fresh convolutions I've known it essay;
Ever-new variations I've watched it display.
I have seen it—much worse than in fashion-books drawn—
Out-bishop the prelate's "balloonattie" lawn,
Till at length, my too-long repressed wrath to relieve,
I am forced to denounce the be-puffed Modern Sleeve!

It in front of me spreads and shuts out all my view;
At my side it encroaches, and tickles me, too;
One mattiee hat is a lady's full share,
But of mattiee sleeves she, alas! wears a pair!
So, whereas of a play fitful peeps I once got,
Now a puff barricade intercepts the whole lot;
They are aural impressions alone I receive,
When I'm sitting behind a be-puffed Modern Sleeve!

If women were angels 'twould alter the case,
Perhaps then we might suffer their wings in our face;
But whilst they are mortals, and not fairy elves,
Why I think that their gigots should keep to themselves.
When ruffs grew so high in the reign of Queen Bess,
A royal decree made their altitude less;
Will not our Princess, then, new favor achieve,
By declaring against the overgrown Modern Sleeve?

—London Truth.

NOCTURNAL ANIMALS.

Birds and Beasts Which Find Their Food by Night.

The true nocturnal animals are those which can only find their food at night. With the exception of the owls and opossums, which are partly insectivorous, they are nearly all insect-eaters, bats, lemurs, lorises, and nightjars; and though the last, like the owls, do move with rapidity and some precision when once disturbed, the others might be distinguished from those creatures which are only nocturnal by necessity, by the absence of that wakefulness in sleep which the latter possess in such a marked degree. The bats, lemurs and lorises are, during the day, steeped and drugged with slumber.

If once discovered, they make no effort to escape like the opossums, which let the "black fellows" chop them out of their holes in the hollow trees without moving from their sleeping places. It does not seem possible for them to awaken. Light benumbs their faculties like freezing cold, and they seek darkness with the same instinct that a human being with senses benumbed by sickness, demands more light. Bats, the only purely nocturnal animals in this country, show this characteristic in its completest form. Their daylight sleep paralyzes them, though not because they are unable to see and fly with safety in the sunlight, for they can do both. But if handled and disturbed, they make no effort even to spread their wings, and seem unable to shake off the drowsy influence.

Not even the great night-flying moths are so completely the slaves of this unyielding habit of diurnal sleep. Contrasted with this deep repose, the slumber of the great body of herbivorous animals is so light and broken that it may be doubted whether their senses are ever so completely at rest as to deserve the name of sleep at all. In human sleep the sense of hearing is that the brain most readily responds. But in geatssound and heavy sleep, hearing often suggests a long train of thought in dreams before the brain awakens in a sense of reality. In most sleeping animals, its warning is instantaneous, and the faculties obey the call for action with no apparent interval of inertia.—The Spectator.

"So the pugilists finally came to blows." "Yes, one blew a column and the other blew a column and a half."

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Hindes' hair curlers at Fox's. *

—For prices plate glass see Mellor. *

—Cuttlery. Sheffield cutlery of all kinds at Fox's, 78 Government St. *

—Concert to-night at St. John's school room. A very good programme will be presented.

—Dr. Findley, late of Findley & Baker has removed to 61 Government street, over Baker's shoe store. *

—At the Herald street Indian mission to-night Rev. W. H. Pierce will relate his experience among the Indian tribes.

—Popular "Billy" Beswick on Saturday evening reopened the Globe hotel, Esquimalt. An interesting programme was given.

—On Tuesday evening next the annual tea meeting of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, under the direction of the Ladies' Aid Society, will be held.

—The Rev. W. H. Pierce will relate his missionary experience among the Indians on the West Coast of the Island at the Herald street mission this evening at 7:30.

—Skene Lowe is preparing a group of photos of the officers and prize winners of the James Bay Athletic association similar to that lately completed for the Victoria lacrosse club.

—The trotting horse Starmont has been sold by Messrs. W. D. Haywood and Samuel McDonald, of Vancouver, to Messrs. Wright & Lawrence, of Vernon, and was taken up last week.

—The attractive programme of the Ladies' Auxiliary committee At Home at A. O. U. W. hall on Thursday night should ensure a good attendance. Richardson's orchestra has been engaged.

—The annual tea meeting under the direction of the Ladies' Aid society of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, will be held in the church on Tuesday evening of next week, the 12th inst.

—Keep out of trouble by using W. J. Hendray's tree spray and whale oil soap. A timely application of the spray will free your fruit trees from all the pests that are ruining them. 25 Humboldt street, Victoria. *

—A debating society in connection with the Y. M. I. was organized last night, the following being elected officers: President, W. H. Harris; secretary-treasurer, William Mulcahy; managing committee, Rev. J. A. Van Nevel, J. Reid, C. Roarke.

—The Ricketts Troubadours will produce the musical comedy "Colonel Jack," at the Victoria theatre on Thursday and Friday, February 7th and 8th. The Brooklyn Times says: "As Colonel Jack, the dapper lawyer and woman hater, Tom Ricketts scored a great success last night. The continuous burst of applause proved beyond a doubt that the Troubadours had made a hit. There is an absolute absence of horse play in the piece that is charming, the wit being at times as keen as a needle's point and as delicately veiled as a Turkish lady in the street. The specialties of the Sisters O'Brien, little Ethel and Mr. Harry McDowell were excellent.

—The Pacific Coast Steamship company is having a lively fight with the lines in opposition to it, which enter or Puget Sound. The rate war is aggressive from both sides. When the steamship Mexico arrived at Seattle from Alaska she took cargo for San Francisco, and the company gave a passenger rate on her of $10 and $4, or just about enough to pay the cost of food. The Chilcat and Topeka are to leave for Alaska about the same time, and an active contest for business is expected. The Willapa will be ready to make her first trip to Alaska in about 30 days, and with the Chilcat in addition on the route and the Farralon on the run to San Francisco, the old company will have a respectable quarrel on its hands.

—Mr. Eberts has introduced a bill to amend and consolidate the game protection acts. All previous acts are repealed and the provisions are consolidated in the bill which if passed will make the law clear. There are very few changes proposed by the bill. One section, however, fixes fines for the killing of big game, being in some cases $25 and in other cases $50. Clause 25 provides that hunters shall not enter fields where there is growing grain nor any field after having been warned off by the owner. Game may be sold for five days after the end of the close season, thus giving men an opportunity of getting rid of game that they may have on hand. The bill entirely stops the sale of prairie chickens.

—Loyal Orange lode No. 1426 will hold their regular monthly meeting to-night at A. O. U. W. hall.

—J. Johnston, agent for books, papers, engineers' materials, stationery, Kirk block, Douglas street. *

—The cheapest grocery, 165 1-2 Douglas street, second house from Chatham, sells Pratt's Astral coal oil for $1.40. *

—Do not forget that money spent well is practically money saved. You know a genuine bargain when you see it; come and see some at Weiler Bros.' carpet department. *

—The steamer Topeka will leave Port Townsend for Juneau and other Alaskan points on the evening of the 7th inst. The first class fare is $25 and the second class $10, a reduction of more than one-half.

—The only difference between our coats and tailors' is that our coat wasn't made for you, but for a fellow just your size—made by just as good a tailor as lives. Cameron, the Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—Ah Yau was arrested by the city police yesterday for stealing a couple of pieces of cordwood, but the prisoner was discharged without the case being gone into at all in court. It was regarded as being too trivial.

—The case of Joseph Carpenter, convicted of an infraction of the health by-law, was called in the police court to-day. It was explained that the repairs required were being made and sentence was further deferred until the 8th inst.

—The gambling cases of John Cook and William Jackson were both called in the police court this morning, but were remanded until to-morrow. It is expected that Magistrate Macrae will deliver judgment in the case of Mr. Jackson at to-morrow's session of the police court.

—The greatest facilities in the province offered at Monroe Miller's Bindery for Ruling, Blank Books, Pass Books, Receipt Books, etc. As they have not quite eighty per cent. of the whole private work of the province they have any amount of time on their hands to attend to the wants of their customers. *

—Mayor Teague and the members of the council will visit the Jubilee Hospital on Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. His worship brought the matter up at the close of last night's meeting, and the day and hour stated were agreed upon. In addition to an inspection of the premises the affairs of the hospital also will be gone into, as the matter of aiding the institution will very likely come up soon. It is expected that a number of the members of the hospital board will be at the hospital on Thursday afternoon to receive the aldermen and aid them with information in their investigation.

—The police have been on the lookout for some time for a man who has been grossly insulting women and children, particularly in the James bay district. Descriptions of the fellow were furnished by several, and this morning Constable Smith arrested a man on suspicion of being the one wanted. He was booked for indecent conduct, and it may be that his sanity will be inquired into by a committee of physicians. He gave the name of James N. Morrison and had very little to say for himself. He is a middle aged man, and when arrested was dressed quite neatly. He is light complexioned and has a blonde moustache.

—At St. Ann's Convent to-morrow afternoon, instead of Thursday, Mrs. Watt will deliver the final lecture of the series on poets and authors. It will be a sort of resume of all the subjects handled and the principal points in all the lectures will be touched upon. The lecture should prove very interesting. Mrs. Watt will also present the prizes offered for the best essays, written by the girls of the convent on the subjects treated in the lectures. The scholars will render a musical and literary programme, and altogether the afternoon should be a very entertaining one in every respect. A start will be made at 2:30 o'clock and the price of admission will be as usual.

—The Nanaimo poultry show, shortly to open, will be one of the finest exhibitions of the feathered tribe seen in the province. The exhibitors from Victoria will be many, and other portions of the province will be as well represented. There is a number of cash prizes, ranging from $5 to $50, and quite a few gold medals and silver cups are offered. The Wellington Coal company, the New Vancouver Coal company and Mr. Rosenfeld, of San Francisco, are donors of very handsome trophies. Sharp Butterfield, of Windsor, Ont., has been secured to judge. Mr. Butterfield is well known by reputation among all poulty dealers and farmers, and his awards will doubtless give satisfaction. Nearly 1000 entries are on the list.

—The two Chinese, Ah Hong and Ah On, arrested in connection with the murderous assault on Charley Sing, were admitted to bail last evening in the sum of $500 apiece. The desired amounts were quickly furnished. At Jubilee hospital Sing is doing very well and will soon be out. Chief Sheppard believes that it will be impossible to secure a conviction in the case. He thinks the intention was to kill Sing. No event in many months has so thoroughly stirred up the Chinese colony as this assault. There were nearly two hundred Chinese in the police court yesterday afternoon to hear the application for bail. Ah Hong is little short of a martyr in this case, in the estimation of his white friends, who are numerous and influential. They will not believe he is guilty. He is also backed up by the representative Chinamen.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Sit Now and Avoid Delay

"Coronas" $4.00 per doz., newest and most beautiful style of photo; better and more suitable than Xmas cards. Skene Lowe, Studio 63 Govt. Street.

PETER BELLINGER GOES FREE.

No Defence Offered by George E. Powell Except as to Law Points.

The uncertainty of the outcome of trials in courts of law was exemplified yesterday afternoon when Peter Bellinger was set at liberty. Bellinger since his arrest has been looked upon by the general public as sure of about five years in the penitentiary, and even he himself said he would consider himself lucky if he got off with five years, but yesterday afternoon after a trial lasting only about three hours, he was discharged. The prisoner was charged with selling Arthur Lamour, a boy of about ten years of age, to the West Coast Indians. The charge was laid under section 264 of the criminal code, which enacts as follows: "Every person is guilty of an indictable offense and liable to seven years' imprisonment who, without lawful authority, forcibly seizes and confines or imprisons any other person within Canada, or kidnaps any person with intent, (c) To cause such other person to be sold or captured as a slave or in any way held in service against his will."

Hon. A. N. Richards, for the crown, in opening the case, stated the facts of Bellinger coming into the country with the boy and after some time spent around the West Coast the sale took place. He said the case was an extraordinary one and as no similar one had ever come up before in this country it should be considered carefully. As to the actual kidnapping, which must have occurred in the United States, the Crown could offer no evidence, but he would add to the present charge one of assault, in explanation of which he said it was an assault on the prisoner's part to detain the boy against his will. George E. Powell appeared for the prisoner, who pleaded not guilty.

Father Nicolaye acted as interpreter for the Indians. John, a Kyoquot Indian, was the first witness and testified that Bellinger and the boy had gone north on the schooner Favorite in October last to Chucklesett, and after two months he had seen the two again together at a potlatch. He saw them in the house of Toutanose, the second chief of the Dygekelestas. He saw the chief counting out money and pay $90 to the prisoner, who told the boy he had sold him, whereupon the boy began to cry. The prisoner then went to Kyoquot, and when the Maude was in port he kept hidden behind a pile of shingles.

Toutanose told of Bellinger bringing the boy to his house and offering to sell him. After some reflection he paid $90 for him. Matinsk, wife of the last witness, told pretty much the same story. She added that at first she advised her husband not to buy Arthur but on second thought she felt sorry for him as his clothes were dirty. She took him herself to Kyoquot and got him new clothes.

Constable Hutchison gave evidence as to the arrest and the case for the crown was closed.

Mr. Powell asked for the discharge of the prisoner on the ground that kidnapping must be proved as well as the selling.

Mr. Justice Drake held that the two were divisible, and counsel for defense then urged that it had not been shown that the boy was taken and sold "without lawful authority" as required by the statute. Before the crown could make out its case it must be shown that Bellinger was not the father of the boy, or that he did not stand "in loco parentis" towards him.

Mr. Richards said that even then he would not have power to sell the child to a tribe of Indians.

The court held that a parent might sell the services of a child, as in the case of binding an apprentice. It must be shown that the prisoner acted without lawful authority. Personally he might form his own opinion, but he must go by the evidence. As to the assault charge no force or duress was proved.

The prisoner was then discharged and walking out of the box and inside the railing he made a grab at Arthur, who yelled and ran away. Constable Hutchison then took the boy under his care and his lordship directed that Bellinger would have to prove beyond a doubt that he was the father of Arthur Lamour before he could take charge of him again.

Mr. Richards intimated that a charge of obtaining money by false pretences would be laid against Bellinger.

Brief Locals.

—The Barbara Boscowitz will leave to-night for the north. She will have a fair cargo.

—Yucca Root Toilet Soaps, free from animal fats, at Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street. Ask for free sample. *

—The Mischief will pull out of port for the west coast of the island on Thursday. She will take a number of Norwegian settlers to Bella Coola and Quatsino bay.

—A number of members of the Congregational church are considering the question of establishing a branch of that body in this city, and would be pleased to hear from any one in sympathy with the object. Letters may be addressed to Wm. Scoweroft, Lansdowne road, Victoria. *

—The preliminary hearing of William Stichnoch, charged with arson, was concluded yesterday evening, A. L. Belyea, for the defence, reserving his case, and the court directed that the accused be committed for trial. In addition to those mentioned yesterday, Constable Gilchrist, who worked on the case, gave evidence for the prosecution.

W. J. JEFFREE,
The Golden Rule Clothing Store,
....HAS REMOVED....
From the Corner of Yates and Douglas Sts. to
77 GOVERNMENT STREET,
Premises lately occupied by J. Johnston & Co., Booksellers

LENZ & LEISER,
Wholesale Dry Goods, Clothing
Gents' Furnishings, Etc.
We carry the Largest Stock in these lines west of Montreal; and are, therefore, able to compete with any house in the trade.

BOARD OF TRADE COUNCIL.

Meeting of That Body Held this Morning in Board of Trade Rooms.

The council of the board of trade met this morning in the board of trade rooms. President Flumerfelt occupied the chair. There were present Messrs. Robert Ward, D. R. Ker, Todd, Ellis, Gray, Connon, Bostock, Renouf, Futcher and others.

A report was presented from the committee appointed to examine into the powers of the board. The report recommended that the powers be enlarged. Referred to the board.

The reading room committee reported the theft of gold specimen and books by Alfred Dubois. The opinion was expressed that visitors in the future should be introduced by members of the board, who should be responsible for their good behavior. The opinion was adopted, as was a recommendation to the library committee.

The Imperial institute wrote asking for reports of the labor market for the Institute journal. Received.

Ernest Harris exhibited a medallion of the governor-general and asked that the president of the board of trade have one made. The board replied that they had no funds.

Superintendent Hosmer wrote that the rule of the C. P. R. telegraph governing the sending of messages could not be altered. The same rule was in force by the Western Union. The cases referred to were when the wires were down and messages were filed in the night full rates are charged. The board asked for half rates.

The Fraser Valley relief question was brought up, and a motion was passed asking Mayor Teague to reply to the letter of the board of trade asking that the city appropriate a sum of money for that purpose.

A letter was received from the St. John, N. B., board of trade in the matter of the alleged inaccurate statements made by Bradstreets arrangements had been made to give the corrections the utmost possible publicity. The circular had been published in the daily press.

RED MOUNTAIN RAILWAY.

Company Will Commence Work in Spite of the Defeat of Their Bill.

In an interview at Nelson, D. C. Corbin of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard, and Spokane Falls & Northern railways, said the defeat of the Red Mountain Railway bill in the local legislature would not prevent the building of the road. According to their present act the company must commence work by April 12th, 1895. They asked that the time be extended for one or two years. This the legislature refused to do, so the company intend to commence work by the 12th of April.

Speaking about the proposed railway, Mr. Corbin said it would make but little difference to him whether the bill passed or not, so far as the charter was concerned. He had the charter and he intended to keep it. It called for the commencement of construction by April 12th, 1895, and rather than sacrifice the precious document the work would be commenced on that date. He wished a year or two's extension of time so as to let the camp more fully develop, in order to show what was there. But if this privilege were denied him, people could depend upon it that the road would be built. His road was assured of a freight list of one hundred tons a day, and this could be increased easily by the two mines now shipping—the Le Roi and the War Eagle—not to mention the other properties being developed.

The wagon road up the Sheep creek valley from Northport was built upon a railway grade, and with little attention can be made ready for the ties and rails. Mr. Corbin believes the Trail Creek country is naturally tributary to Spokane, and he wants to pull for that city. If the C. P. R. wants trade in the camp they will have to fight for it.

—Lace curtains, muslin curtains, chenille curtains in abundance at Weiler Bros. *

Blue Cross Tea
Blue Cross Tea
Pure. Fragrant. Delicious.
Head Office, LONDON, ENG.
Wholesale Agents, WILSON BROS.

Warning to Women.

Ladies who appreciate the high quality of Priestley's dress goods should make it a point to see that Priestley's name is stamped on every five yards. Instances are not unknown where Priestley's trade mark, "The Varnished Board," has been used the second time with inferior goods wrapped upon it.

PERSONAL.

J. F. Tanner registered last night at the Driard.

John Highland leaves in a few days for Cassiar.

Robert McLeese, ex-M.P.P., is a guest at the Driard.

Charles E. Jones returned this morning from the Sound.

E. B. Morgan, Vancouver, is a guest at the New England.

Capt. W. E. George was a passenger home on the Rosalie this morning.

Miss Williamson leaves for Toronto to-night via the Northern Pacific.

C. D. Rand, J. Browning, J. E. Macfarlane, Vancouver, are at the Driard.

J. R. Anderson and wife leave for Portland to-night via the Northern Pacific.

J. E. Kitchen, M.P.P., and Thos. Kidd, M.P.P., came down from the Mainland by the Louise last night.

W. L. Ogle, representing the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., of Toronto, is in the city and registered at the Driard.

Kate—I want to tell Aunt Susan about my engagement, but I don't know whether I can trust her or not. I don't want it to get out just yet.

Edith—Trust her? Of course you can't. You know she makes no secret of her age, and a woman who will tell her age will tell anything.

Guide in the Alps—Yonder is where the celebrated Marquis d'Urt lost his life by falling into the chasm.

English tourist (who is accompanied by his daughter)—Why, is the scene of that accident is two hours' journey from here.

Guide—Right you are, sir; but I thought it was too far for your daughter to travel.

MUSICAL.

PROF. BRADLEY, Organist and Choirmaster of the R. E. Church, receives pupils for Organ, Piano, Singing and Cello lessons; he also undertakes the training of choirs and choral societies. Address: 104 Pandora Street. jb-1m

THE PLANS WILL GO EAST

The City Council Refuses to Reconsider Its Former Action on Them.

Chief Deasy Submits Estimates—Affairs of the Home—Electrical Finances.

All of the aldermen were at last night's meeting of the city council and a large amount of business was disposed of. It was decided among other things to send the filter bed plans to the east to be judged by the city engineers of Toronto and Hamilton.

W. S. Gore, deputy commissioner of lands and works, wrote saying that as the city had ceased to use the old James Bay school site for school purposes, as provided in the trust deed from the crown to the city it now reverted to the crown and that possession of it had been taken on behalf of the crown. The letter was received and filed.

Secretary Williams of the school board sent in the estimate of the school department expenses for the year which amounts to $50,000. The letter with the petition from Oaklands for a school was referred to the finance committee.

Boscowitz & Sons, fur dealers, applied for a refund of $100 paid for a trades license before the collection of the same was declared to be illegal. The letter was referred to the city barristers.

J. G. Brown's letter re the drainage of his property on North Chatham street was referred to the sewerage committee.

Philip R. Smith, printer and binder, and Beaumont Boggs, insurance, made application for a part of the city's patronage, the latter in connection with the new electric light station. The first letter was referred to the printing committee and the second to the electric light committee.

Gray & Alley, of the Point Ellice iron works, wrote applying for a hydrant near their place to give them fire protection, adding that they had purchased 400 feet of hose. The letter was referred to the fire wardens.

Chief Deasy presented the following report and estimates which were tabled until the estimates are prepared:

Victoria, B. C., 4th February, 1895.
His Worship the Mayor and Fire Wardens:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor, in accordance with the rules and regulations governing the fire department, to submit the following monthly report with estimates and recommendations:

During the month of January eight fires occurred in this city causing a loss estimated at $4,575. The chemical engine suppressed three fires. One investigation was held to ascertain the origin of fires at the White Horse Saloon and two men are under arrest charged with arson.

On account of the defective drainage No. 2 firehall was found unsafe for men and horses. The truck is stationed in the Market building which is not a most suitable location for apparatus required at a moments notice.

The question of having men to watch partially destroyed buildings caused considerable trouble during the past year. Call firemen cannot be expected to remain after the apparatus is ordered to leave. Several insurance companies decline to to pay men placed in charge and contend that the tax imposed should be sufficient to afford protection until they take over property insured.

The fire alarm system is in a most unsatisfactory condition.

Attached hereto I respectfully submit estimates showing amounts required to maintain the fire department during the current year. In submitting the cost of a full paid fire department a comparison will prove that the expense over the call department, viz.: $3,204, would be made up by the work done around the fire halls by men during the time they are not engaged at fires. Further, the prompt work at fires would repay the city tenfold and men would be always ready to go out with the apparatus. I have the honor to be, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

THOMAS DEASY,
Chief Fire Department.

Victoria Fire Department, 1895; Maintenance—

Feed, horses	$1,500 00
Repairs, apparatus	600 00
Horse shoeing	330 00
Hardware, oil, etc.	500 00
Medical attend'ce, madicine, horses	100 00
Fire alarm, zincs, coppers, wire, etc	400 00
Furniture, bedding, etc.	160 00
Harness, clothing, gum boots, etc.	900 00
Supplies for chemical	300 00
Fuel and gas for heating engines	450 00
Rent of hydrants, Victoria West	450 00
1,000 feet 2 1-2 inch fire hose	900 00
Ten new hydrants at $40.00	400 00
Set new tubes for Deluge engine	230 00
Couplings, gongs, pipes, etc	200 00
Sundries, scavenger, etc	200 00
Total	$7,560 00

Repairs—
Fire Halls .... $ 400 00

Full Paid Fire Department, 1895; Estimate—

Occupation.	Per Month.	Per Y.
One Chief engineer	$110 00	$ 1,320 00
" Assist. engineer	70 00	840 00
" Engineer	74 00	888 00
" Engineer	74 00	888 00
" Engineer and driver, James Bay	60 00	720 00
" Driver, engine	64 75	777 00
" Driver, chemical	64 75	777 00
" Driver, truck	64 75	777 00
" Driver, hose carriage	60 00	720 00
" Tillerman	60 00	720 00
" Hoseman and relief driver	60 00	720 00
Ten permanent men at $60 each	600 00	7,200 00
Total		$16,347 00

Full paid department	$16,347 00
Call department	13,143 00
Cost of paid department over call department	$ 3,204 00

Call Fire Department, 1895, Salaries, Estimate—

Occupation.	Per Month.	Per Y.
Chief engineer	$110 00	$ 1,320 00
Assistant engineer	30 00	360 00
Foreman No. 1 Company	25 00	300 00
Foreman No. 2 Company	25 00	300 00
Foreman No. 3 Company	25 00	300 00
Engineer No. 1	74 00	888 00
Engineer No. 2	74 00	888 00
Engineer No. 3, driver hose wagon	60 00	720 00
Driver, Engine 1	64 75	777 00
Driver, Chemical 2	64 75	777 00
Driver, truck 3	64 75	777 00
Driver hose carriage 4	60 00	720 00
Tillerman, truck	60 00	720 00
Hoseman, James Bay relief driver	60 00	720 00
Electrician	10 00	120 00
Sixteen call men	18 00	3,456 00
Total		$13,143 00

Proposed Plan for Extending Fire Dept.—

First—Necessary rolling stock: One steam fire engine, one hose wagon, one chemical engine; cost, engine, $5,000; hose wagon, $400; chemicals, $3,000.

Second—Engine houses and land in Victoria West, Fernwood Road and Hillside Avenue; estimated cost, $7,500.

Third—Extending fire alarm to city limits; wire, boxes, gongs, etc.; estimated cost, $1,500.

Fourth—Horses, engineers, drivers, firemen and maintenance, $4,000. This sum would be needed for the extended sections leaving the city as it is.

The new steam fire engine and the chemical engine with the engine, hose carriage and truck, at present in service, would protect the business portion of the city.

The combined chemical engine and hose wagon, with two horses, three men and 600 feet of fire hose would protect Victoria West.

The Deluge steam fire engine with the one horse hose cart and four men, three horses and 600 feet of hose would be required in the eastern section.

The one horse hose wagon, with three men, one horse and 600 feet of hose would cover the northern district.

James Bay would remain as it is, with a hose wagon, two men, two horses and 700 feet of hose.

The rolling stock on hand would be utilized by sending the Deluge engine and one horse hose cart to Fernwood Road. In the eastern section the pressure of water is so low that an engine is needed.

Victoria West is a scattered district and the combined chemical and hose wagon would be most useful in that locality.

The northern section, like James Bay District, has fairly good pressure at the hydrants, and a hose wagon would be most advisable in the vicinity of the fountain, or, perhaps, further north.

The alarm system extends only to Bridge street on the west side, Moss street on the east, the fountain on the north and Simcoe street on the south.

The business section should have at all times, at least, two engines, two hose carriages, one chemical engine and a truck.

It woud cost, at least, $20,000 to extend the protection needed in all sections of the city and about $30,000 yearly for maintenance.

George Rooklidge wrote offering to pay $300 for the engine and gear in the old electric light station. Referred to the electric light committee.

Superintendent Johnson of the public market reported that the total revenue of the market in January was $138.60. Received and filed.

The tenders for supplies for the Old Men's Home and for building sidewalks during the coming year were not opened as additions are to be made to the former, and a deposit required with the letter. The tenders will be opened next week.

Residents of James Bay in the vicinity of Toronto and Carr streets petitioned for a hydrant and box for fire protection to be located at or near the corner named to give fire protection to the locality. The letter which was largely signed was referred to the fire wardens.

Residents in the vicinity of the junction of Belcher and Leighton road, and Cadboro Bay road petitioned for a light. Referred to the electric light committee.

John Haggerty, Truck & Dray Company, Victoria Transfer Company, Geo. Stelly, P. Hansen and N. Leclair wrote complaining of the following reduction of the price paid for teams by the city: Double teams, from $6 to $4.50 and carts from $4.50 to $3.50.

Ald. Humphrey said that he had already looked into the matter and found that the department was paying $5 for double teams and $3.50 for carts. The rates had been established for some time and the street superintendent had not reduced them as claimed.

The matter was rpeferred to the street committee for report.

W. H. Mason and 34 others petitioned asking that John Hayden be given work. Ald. Humphrey and Ald. McMillan did not think Mr. Hayden a proper person to be given special consideration. Received and filed.

The finance committee reported, recommending the appropriation of $4362 out of the general revenue. Among the items was one for book work from the firm of R. T. Williams & Co., and Ald. Williams rose to explain that the work was contracted for before his election.

Ald. Humphrey caused a hearty laugh by saying he could have done the work "for half the money," a favorite expression of Ald. Williams.

The report was passed as was a requisition for $250 from the school board, and a report appropriating $64.13 out of the water works loan.

The finance committee reported recommending the appropriation of $1263.25 out of the electric light loan.

Ald. Williams wanted to know if Mr. Stickels was being paid for work on Sundays, but Ald. McLellan and Cameron said that he did not.

Ald. McMillan said that it had been stated that on the first of the year the account was overdrawn. Were they appropriating something out of nothing?

Ald. Cameron said that there was still money in the loan even after the amount was paid. However, they would soon have bills that would otherwise have to be provided for.

Ald. McMillan said that the original report was unfair to the old council.

Ald. Bragg said that it was the practice to make provision in advance for the expenditure of money.

Ald. McLellan said that after this money was appropriated there would be $700 left but the auditor did not know all of the outstanding obligations, and said that the former report was virtually correct.

The electric light committee reported that the tenders for belting had been awarded to Nicholles & Renouf, that work on the new system was progressing fairly well in every department, and recommending that Mr. Blake be paid $20 for the partial destruction of his now famous tree by an electric light construction gang. After considerable discussion over the tree item the report was received and adopted.

The Old Men's Home committee presented a lengthy report giving in detail the result of an inspection of the premises of the home and an examination into its affairs. The report stated in opening that the home was cleanly kept, that the beds were comfortable, the bed clothing ample and the ventilation unsatisfactory. A number of wants were enumerated and the committee recommended that a majority of them be supplied at once. Among other things it was urged that a store room and pantry be added, and the place vacated be used as a store room, that a verandah be built along the south side of the building, that a work shed be erected in the yard, that three acres of ground be enclosed and plowed to permit light farm-

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We have several thousand yards of Carpets for the Spring Trade close at hand. You will see we need the room, and hence we give you this favorable opportunity of getting some of the best qualities at lower grade prices.

Call Early and See the "Choice."

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ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokan at 5:30 p.m. same days.

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 25,

Taking effect January 1st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the —— and —— of each month at — o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

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Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED	Victoria Route.	TONNAGE
18 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."	1141

8 30 pm	Lv	M1	*Victoria	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	28	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
5 00 am	Lv	82	Seattle	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	*Tacoma	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B.C

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to
C. H. WEEKS,
General Agent,
No. 72 Government Street.

F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials. Fine Stage, Large Gallery, Absolutely fireproof, Properly Ventilated, Electric Lights, also Lodge Rooms. Apply Capt J. D. Warren, 3 Trounce avenue.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 23.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, Jan. 10th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. (Read up.) No. 1 Pass. Daily	M fr. Wel	STATIONS.	Mi fr. Vic	NORTH BOUND. (Read Down.) No. 2 Pass. Daily
NOON. Ar. 12.00	78	Victoria		P.M. De. 3.00
" 11.56	77	Russell's	1	" 3.04
" 11.46	74	Esquimalt	4	" 3.14
" 11.43	73	Stewart's	5	" 3.17
" 11.40	72	Parson's Bridge	6	" 3.20
" 11.31	70	Langford	8	" 3.27
" 11.21	67	Goldstream	11	" 3.37
" 10.53	58	Summit Siding	20	" 4.05
" 10.39	50	Shawnigan Lake	28	" 4.20
" 10.20	47	Cobble Hill	31	" 4.40
" 10.02	43	McPherson's	35	" 4.55
" 9.53	40	Koksilah	38	" 5.05
" 9.50	38	Duncan's	40	" 5.10
" 9.40	35	Somenos	43	" 5.20
" 9.33	30	Westholme	48	" 5.27
" 9.18	26	Chemainus	52	" 5.42
" 9.00	19	Oyster Bay Siding	59	" 6.00
" 8.51	16	Oyster Bay	62	" 6.09
" 8.30	5	Nanaimo	73	" 6.40
" 8.00 A.M.		Wellington	78	Ar. 7.00

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER JOAN

W. D. OWEN, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will call as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria .... Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox .... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo .... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria .... Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria ... Store st.

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TO THE EAST.

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UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS to Boston, Montreal, Toronto and St. Paul without change.

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ing that linoleum be put down in the dining room, that some kalsomining be done, that some enclosed shelving be put up for books, that there be a rack and files from newspapers secured, that blinds be put up in the bed rooms, that two lounges be purchased, and that a scales be purchased for use in weighing all supplies. The report also stated that the home was overcrowded, that the rules governing the admission of inmates and for the maintenance of order were inadequate, and that the system of ordering supplies was not satisfactory. Another report dealing with the last named matters was promised in the near future.

Ald Bragg said he had visited the home on Sunday and had been struck by the dirty appearance of the men. There should be reform in that, as well as in many other directions. He also criticised the cutting down of the trees.

Ald. Williams agreed with Ald. Bragg on the reforms needed, and as to the trees, and objected to the size of the milk bill which was $28 last month. All should obey the rules of the place, and if the caretaker did wrong he too should answer for it.

Ald. Wilson said the committee had a pretty hard job ahead of it and wanted the support of the council financially and otherwise. He believed that they should insist on order, and to that end believed in discharging any who would not obey the rules. There were some bad ones too among the inmates.

Ald. McMillan did not agree with Ald. Bragg as to the men being dirty and believed they would compare with any men similarly situated in the city. He recommended that the aldermen read the report and see what work was being done. He might also give the committee the aid required and then if things were not properly carried out he could criticise things.

Ald. Bragg insisted that he had the right to express his opinion and criticisms on public matters at all times, and still held that the home was not properly conducted.

The mayor thought it would be wise to give each old man a fairly good suit of clothes and thereby make an inducement for sprucing up on Sundays or when visitors came.

It was agreed that anything needed badly should be purchased at once, but that the majority of things named be left over until the estimates are considered.

The sewerage committee presented the following report:

"We find on inquiry in the engineer's office that the sewerage is completed only on that portion of government street lying between Humboldt and Pandora streets, and until there is a further extension of the sewer on Government street north of Pandora, the paving of the streets can only be carried out within the limits indicated. There are still some connections to be made with the present sewer on Government street between Fort and Humboldt streets, and there are also two sections of surface drain to be made as shown on the engineer's plans of Government street between Humboldt and Pandora streets, the cost of which is approximately estimated by Mr. Wilmot at two thousand dollars. To prevent delay, should it be desired to pave Government street, the committee recommend that the sanitary inspector take action to secure the putting in of the connections alluded to, the city engineer having already notified the parties interested, and further recommend that steps be taken to provide funds for the construction of the surface drainage already referred to, in order that the work may be gone on with at once and finished in time to permit of paving this part of government street during the present year."

Ald. Cameron said the committee had reported largely to go on record on street paving which its members strongly favored, and he said he would like to see other committees act in a similar way.

Ald. Williams said the water committee had in preparation a plan for laying a twelve-inch main on Government street and would be ready for work as soon as the weather became dry.

The financial part of the report was tabled for the estimates which Ald. McLellan said would be down at an early date.

A report from the streets committee dealing with several matters of minor importance, was received and adopted.

The legislative committee reported recommending that the council urge upon the legislature the amendment of subsection D of section 174 and the substitution of a form that would show the ratepayer his exact relations with each fund in the city's financial plan. Ald. McMillan said in urging the matter that it had been claimed that it would prove quite expensive but he did not think it would. It would be an excellent thing, and believed a saving could be made in the matter of the balance sheet. The report was adopted.

Ald. Wilson's motion to call for tenders for supplying forage for the fire department horses was passed.

Ald. Williams' motion to define the city's position as to Trounce avenue was then read.

The mayor said that the position of the matter was simple enough. As he saw it the council had as much right to clean the alley up as it did to order his house swept.

Ald. Humphrey said he did not see what good the motion would do. They all knew that it was private property.

After considerable discussion it was decided to pass the motion and have the mayor look into the matter with a view to the city securing permission to clean the street.

Ald. Williams' motion re the garbage contract was then read and Ald. Humphrey moved to amend to give the city the right to extend the contract an additional six months.

Ald. Hall, who seconded the motion, said it would be wise to let the contract for a year. He said Mr. Sinclair was ready to give better terms.

Ald. Williams said he had brought it in with the time fixed at six months because he hoped that by that time the city would own a steamer. If they did have a steamer a great saving as to coal towage, trips to Darcy Island and other works.

Ald. Humphrey headed the opposition to Ald. Williams' motion for street sprinkling, saying that it looked like taking the matter out of the hands of the street committee, and that it was still midwinter. He would readily hand the sprinkler over to the water committee. The matter could very easily have been attended to in another way. Ald. Cameron, Partridge and McMillan supported the motion, and Ald. McLellan and Hall spoke in favor of the suburbs. The former caused amusement by saying that goods he bought in the sprinkled business district got duty before he got home. The motion passed, and Ald. Humphrey as a parting shot said Ald. Williams brought the motion in as a plan to get a little cheap advertising.

Mayor Teague brought down the matter of the filter bed plans and said that as they knew he had received a reply from City Engineer Keating of Toronto, that the data was being prepared and that a reply had just been received from Wm. Askins, city engineer of Hamilton. The latter said he would act with the Toronto official for $100 per day and his expenses. The mayor said that the two would, in the event of disagreeing, have to name an umpire which would entail delay and expense, and as objections to the whole idea had been raised he believed it would be advisable to adopt some plan of deciding the matter at home. He thought an idea fair to all would be to have the city name its engineer as one of the judges and let the competitors agree as to the second, the two to pick a third if necessary.

Ald. Partridge was very strongly of the opinion that they should make no change in their former decision. He still believed it best for the people to get the best available eastern engineers to pass upon the matter.

Ald. McMillan agreed with him saying that he could see no reason why they should change like weather cocks. The city engineer was hardly in a position to act as a judge. He had heard no good reason advanced as to why they should change their decision. If they were to submit to anything in the line of suggesions from the competitors why not give the whole matter over to them It would prevent even the suspicion of any favoritism by sending east. If they asked Mr. Smith of Portland to act the anti-foreign cry would be raised against them.

Ald. McLellan wanted the best plans, and a first class job by first class men. He was for good water. He did not believe it would prove very expensive but if it cost two thousand dollars he would still say send the plans east.

Ald. Williams warned the council that it would very likely prove very expensive. He thought it very curious that they were sending to Toronto where they did not filter the water at all. If we had 13 experts who had sprung up in three months and had drawn amateur plans from books, what was to prevent the judges from taking their time and piling up a few thousand dollars. There were men in the city who needed work and here was the council fritting money away. They were offering the experts as much for a day as they got in a month perhaps.

Ald. McLellan was not of the opinion that the professional gentlemen would take advantage of the citizens of the city. The water was worse than ever and as a business man in a business way he wanted to bring about the best results. He had more pride in professional men than Ald. Williams and expressed the belief that the judges would only take three or four days. He reminded the board that in Victoria commissioners were sometimes paid $10 for an hour's session.

Ald. Bragg reviewed his stand upon the matter and supported the mayor's proposal. He regarded the present plan as a "snap" for the judges as no restriction was placed on the amount.

Ald. Humphrey also supported the mayor and said their was no danger of any collusion.

Ald. McMillan said it would cost just as much to have the plans judged in the west as in the east. He held that they should abide by their decision, that the names of two engineers in the province competent to judge the plans had not been presented, and that there was nothing in the argument that they should secure home talent.

Ald. Bragg made a somewhat lengthy speech in which he heartily supported City Engineer Wilmot. He said if they were going into the broader questions of supplying the high levels and increasing the pressure he would support the plan to get the best experts possible.

Ald. McLellan said it was the most advisable thing to have the contest decided elsewhere.

Ald. McMillan arose to say that he desired to cast no reflections on the city engineer of Victoria but held that he was hardly in a position to act.

The question put by the mayor was: "Shall I send the plans east in the morning?" and the vote was: Aye—Ald. McMillan, McLellan, Partridge, Hall, Wilson and Cameron—6. Nays—Ald. Bragg and Williams—2. Ald Humphrey did not vote.

The council then adjourned. It was 10:30 o'clock.

Pure blood is absolutely necessary to enjoy perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and strengthens the system.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Mineral and Placer Mining Bills Occupy the Attention of the House.

Lots of Business Cleared Off the Orders Night Sessions Commenced.

FORTY-SIXTH DAY.

Monday, Feb. 4.

The speaker took the chair at two o'clock.

Dr. Walkem moved that a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Booth, Kennedy, Eberts, Sword and the mover, be appointed to inquire into the subject of the petition presented to this house by Mr. Biggs, of the city of Nanaimo, and report thereon.

The resolution was defeated, most of those named for the committee contending that the matter was one for the courts and not for the house.

The house went into committee on the lieut.-governor's message transmitting the supplementary estimates. The committee reported to the house, the report was adopted, and will be submitted to committee of supply to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. Martin presented a return of papers in regard to the road to the Horse Fly mine.

The house went into committee on the mineral bill.

Mr. Semlin moved to strike out clause 4, which provides that miners may pay $100 to the government instead of expending $100 as assessment work on the claim.

The amendment was defeated and the clause was passed.

Bill reported complete.

The house went into committee on the placer mining bill. Reported progress.

The house rose at 5.50.

EVENING SESSION.

The house again went into committee on the placer mining bill.

At the present time if the conditions under which a lease is taken are not carried out the gold commissioner must cancel the lease. Hon. Mr. Davie moved an amendment making it optional with the gold commissioner, whose action will be subject to the approval of the minister of mines. This will meet similar cases to that of the Ophir Bedrock company, who could not keep up the conditions of their lease on account of litigation and whose lease an attempt is being made to set aside.

The amendment was adopted and the bill was reported complete.

Mr. Semlin continued the debate on the assessment bill. During the last campaign one of the most pressing questions was the elimination of the mortgage tax, and he was satisfied that the change provided in the bill would not prove satisfactory to those who opposed the tax.

The bill was read a second time on division.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the charitable corporations bill, which simply declares what is already the law of the land. At present different charitable and religious institutions had the power to hold lands with or without limit, while others did not. The bill before the house gave all such institutions power to hold land and place all on the same footing.

Read a second time.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the retail liquor licenses bill, the principal object of which, he said, was to prevent the holder of a license from having the owner of the property in his power. He never thought of making a liquor license a vested right, and he would support any amendment that would place the matter entirely in the hands of the licensing authorities. The bill, however, did not in any way make licenses vested rights, but was a very conservative one.

Mr. Semlin contended that the bill would do away with certain restrictions contained in the municipal act. If the bill gave a license to a house instead of to a man it was certainly making the license a vested right. The people in the vicinity of the premises should have some say as to who should conduct the house.

Mr. Williams said the bill would entirely change the principle of the present act. It laid the way open for an objectionable man to get a license without the consent of the residents in the neighborhood.

Dr. Walkem could see no objection to the bill.

Mr. Graham said that the bill gave altogether too much license to hotel keepers.

The bill was read a second time, the opposition voting against it.

Hon. Mr. Martin moved the second reading of the British Columbia railway bill, which had been suggested by the land surveyors' association and deals almost entirely with the duties of surveyors.

Mr. Hunter opposed the bill. It was legislation for the land surveyors against the civil engineers. According to the act of 1892 a civil engineer could make surveys incidental to any work he had in hand, but according to the bill they would not be allowed to do that, but must call in a provincial land surveyor, many of whom were mere boys and were not as capable as civil engineers. If the bill was passed a civil engineer who had constructed a railway would have to call on a land surveyor after the work was finished to do work that the engineer could do much better, as he was proceeding with the work. He objected to engineers being harassed as proposed. The surveyors had quite enough latitude, and they should be satisfied.

Mr. Sword said the bill would just provide a job for land surveyors, and he would oppose it.

Mr. Semlin could see nothing of a public nature in the bill. It would just benefit private individuals, and therefore should be a private measure.

Hon. Mr. Davie supported the bill. It preserved the rights of men who were known to be qualified and excluded men who might be competent but had not proved themselves as such.

The bill was defeated, there being but one or two votes in its favor.

The house went into committee, Dr. Walkem in the chair, on the Quesnelle lake dam bill. Reported complete.

The house adjourned at 11.15.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. Kellie—To introduce a bill intituled an act to regulate the payment of wages.

Mr. Eberts—That a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Booth, Smith, Kidd, Hume and the mover be appointed to inquire into a complaint of W. P. Baker and sons with reference to their preemption claim at Gower point, with authority to call for persons and papers and report to this house.

BABY LIKES IT

Lactated Food is the Most Palatable of All Foods

The most palatable prepared food known to mothers and physicians, and the one that baby likes best, is the well-known Lactated Food. Mothers should bear in mind that the quality of palatableness is the most important one, and deeply concerns baby's welfare.

We have seen instances of the evil results of feeding babies with foods that were repulsive to the stomach, and that caused nausea and disgust. Such feeding often causes serious troubles and sickness.

When pure Lactated Food is fed to baby, it is taken with a relish and zest that indicates a strong, vigorous and healthy stomach and perfect digestion. In every home in Canada where Lactated Food has been made baby's chosen diet, there is happiness, a peace and contentment unknown to homes where inferior foods are used.

Baby is deserving of the best possible diet, and it is now an established fact that Lactated Food is the king of foods in quality, and from an economical point of view, it is the cheapest.

Hyde Park, Mass., Feb. 4.—Theo Welde, one of the last of the anti-slavery agitators, died here last night, aged 92.

LEGAL NOTICES.

The Kaslo and Slocan Railway Co'y.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the shareholders of The Kaslo and Slocan Railway Company will be held at the head office of the Company, No. 28 1-2 Broad street, Victoria, B.C., on Friday, the 15th day of February, 1895, at 11 a.m.

Object—Statutory meeting, election of directors, and generally, affairs of the company.

By order,
D. J. MUNN,
Secretary.

j24-td

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Russell and James McDonald, carrying on business at the City of Victoria, and at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Charles Russell, McDonald & Co., have by deed dated the 21st day of January, A.D. 1895, assigned all their and each of their real and personal estate whatsoever and wheresoever to Thomas Trevor Hull, of the said City of Victoria, accountant, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and in proportion to their respective claims and debts and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Charles Russell and James McDonald, and of the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company. The said deed was executed by the said Charles Russell and James McDonald, the assignors, and by the said Thomas Trevor Hull, the assignee, on the 21st day of January, A.D. 1895, and the said assignee has undertaken and accepted the trust created by the said deed.

All persons having claims against the said assignors or the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company must forward or deliver full particulars of claim duly verified to the undersigned on or before the 25th day of February, A.D. 1895 and all persons indebted to the said assignors or the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company are requested to pay such indebtedness to the said assignee or to the undersigned forthwith. And notice is also hereby given that after the said 25th day of February, A.D. 1895, the assignee will proceed to distribute the assets amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said assignee shall then have had notice, and that the said assignee will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not at the time of such distribution have had notice.

Dated this 23rd day of January, A.D. 1895.

A. L. BELYEA,
Solicitor for the Assignee, office 4 and 5 Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C.

CREDITORS' MEETING.

A meeting of the creditors of the said assignors will be held at the office of the assignee, 58 Broad street, on the 29th day of February, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

A. L. BELYEA,
Solicitor for the Assignee.

jan23-30t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting, to be held in March, 1895, for a transfer to Ross James Ferguson of the license now held by me to sell spirituous liquors by retail upon the premises known as The Gordon Hotel, situate on Johnson street, in the City of Victoria.

ALEX. HENDRY.

Dated this 18th day of December, 1894.

d7 1m

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for an act to incorporate a Benefit Society to be called "The Canadian Order of Foresters," with its head office at the City of Brantford, Ontario, with power to insure the members thereof and to establish subordinate Courts of Foresters throughout the Dominion of Canada.

Dated at Brantford, the 26th day of November, A.D. 1894.

HARDY, WILKES & HARDY,
Solicitors for Applicants.

d11-6w

Quesnelle Quartz Mining Company, Lt'd

NOTICE

Is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors of the above company held on November 30th, 1894, an assessmentof our fourth of one cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company payable forthwith to W. A. Johnston, secretary, at the companies' office, Quesnelle, B. C. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 15th day of January, 1895, shall be deemed delinquent and dealt with accordingly. By order of the Board of Directors.

W. A. JOHNSTON, Sec.
Quesnelle, B. C., Nov. 30th, 1894.

d7-6w-d&w

The date of payment of above amount has been extended until February 15th, 1894.

By order of the Board of Directors.

j15-1m-d&w W. A. JOHNSTON, Sec.

FOOD FOR THE HUNGRY.

The undersigned desires to call the attention of parties interested to the fact that temporary provision has been made for the relief of those in the city who are suffering from lack of necessary food.

The services of the officers of the Salvation Army, which have kindly been offered free of charge, have been accepted, and arrangements made for the operation of a "Food Depot" in a room at the rear of the Salvation Army Barracks, Broad street.

The depot will be in running order on and after Tuesday the 29th instant.

Breakfast may be had from 9 to 11 a.m., and supper from 4 to 6 p.m., and will be served to those holding tickets which may be procured at the barracks for a nominal sum, or, in absolutely destitute cases, free.

Parties wishing to assist the movement may provide those whom they believe to be needy with tickets or may send in supplies to the depot at any time during the day.

The undersigned would commend the depot to all charitably disposed persons as an object most worthy of their practical support.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 26, 1895.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—La... rt

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The Arion club concert will take place at Institute hall to-morrow evening.

—The Detroit will soon put to sea again. She has signed her crew at the office of the United States consul.

—Albert Wyld desires to express his thanks to Beaumont Boggs, agent of the Eastern Insurance company, for the prompt settlement of the loss by fire at his home, 23 Toronto street, a few days ago.

—The Northern Pacific liner Sikh will go to sea to-morrow from Tacoma direct. The Victoria freight and passengers will go to Tacoma on the local boats.

—At the concert at the drill shed the B. C. B. G. A. band will play a number of new pieces of music including a march composed by Leader J. M. Finn. The performance of Alfred Dugay will no doubt prove very interesting.

—Everything points to a large attendance at the concert at St. John's church to-night. The programme is the best that has been arranged at any affair of a similar nature here for some time past. Some of the best amateurs in the city are numbered among those taking part. Between the first and second parts of the programme refreshments will be served.

—There was a very pleasant time spent at the Bachelors' quarters, 152 Fort street, last evening, the event being a farewell banquet to one of Victoria's best young men, John Hyland, who leaves to-morrow night for the north, after having spent a few months with his old friends in Victoria. The affair was thoroughly enjoyable from start to finish and all who participated say they had a splendid time.

—The Empress of Japan is expected down from Vancouver at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The tender Sadie went outside at two o'clock with the mail, passengers and railway officials aboard. Among those who go from here to the Orient are Gus Gerow to join the schooner Sadie Tarpel at Yokohama, Ed. McNeill to the Vera at the same port, and J. Snow to the Casco at the same port. Including those in transit from the United States there were 10 Chinese passengers. The Empress has a good-sized cargo and a fair list of passengers.

—Peter Bellinger would have left the city last night if a boat to take him to the American side had been available. He spent the night at a down town hotel and it is believed that he took his departure for Seattle on the steamer Rosalie this morning. He was afraid of being arrested for obtaining money on false pretences as intimated by Hon. A. N. Richards, Q. C., and was very anxious to be beyond the reach of the law before it could be set in motion. It is said that he did not take the trouble to get his rank. Arthur Lamour has gone back to the care of Warden John with whom he says he is very happy all the time.

DEAD IN THE SHAFT.

Another Nanaimo Miner Loses His Life —Vessel Mishap.

Nanaimo, Feb. 5.—A miner named Joseph Wilson came to his death last night under peculiar circumstances. Dell Alexander, an electrician, was proceeding to his duties along No. 1 level on the Esplanade shaft, when passing by the first door he came across the body of a man lying by the rails. On examining him he found him still alive, and had him speedily conveyed to his home, but he only lived a little while. Various theories have been advanced to account for his death, one of them being that he touched the electric light wire, and being in poor health the shock had the effect of causing his death. Nearly every man working in this mine has received a shock from the wire at various times, but not to cause any harm. It is most probable that the deceased on finding the motor gone when he quit work, hastened out on foot and that he became exhausted before he reached the shaft. The post mortem examination will clear the matter up. The deceased leaves a wife and five children, the wife being an inmate of the Westminster insane asylum.

The Peter Jebsen left the wharf last night in charge of Pilot Sabiston and had not proceeded far when she struck the mud. She was floated off a little while after, but the captain decided to await the arrival of a diver to ascertain whether any injury had been done to the bottom of the vessel. The vessel is still detained.

Black pugs are the fashion in dogs, although the black poodle holds its own. The fad of the hour is to decorate these dogs with red ribbons and bangles. Sometimes these bangles are of gold, and the poor dog will have one around his neck and small ones around the paw.

Police Judge—"What! you here again, Rankin. This must be the 20th time you've been up before me."

Rankin—"Well, yer worship, 'tis no fault of mine that you don't get promotion."

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

TUBERCULOSIS IN COWS.

Facts Bearing on the Disease as Found in Connecticut.

We are glad to see that at last there are indications that Connecticut will follow the example of adjoining states in taking measures for the eradication of bovine tuberculosis and the purification of her milk supply. This is a matter of importance to a considerable number of persons who do not live in that state, because a large quantity of milk from Connecticut is sold in this city and Brooklyn.

At the recent meeting of the Connecticut dairymen's association the suggestion that the health authorities of the state might undertake to weed out the consumptive cows which are to be found in the dairy herds excited the anger of E. Stevens Henry, congressman elect from the Hartford district, who declared "that the farmers were too intelligent to allow themselves to be intimidated by board of health officials" looking only for fees, and that the farmers were "competent to judge and care for their own herds without any such interference."

But now it is announced that a committee of the Hartford county medical society, after a careful inquiry, has come to believe that fully 20 per cent. of the dairy herds in the state are affected with tuberculosis. This is a much higher percentage than has been disclosed by the work of the cattle commission in Massachusetts or by the inspections of the board of health in the state of New York.

The committee of the Hartford county medical society was appointed last fall, and its members are Dr. George F. Lewis (the president), Dr. J. A. Wolff, Dr. H. Pierrepont Davis, Dr. E. B. Lyon and Dr. Edward Parsons. After making a thorough investigation they have prepared a bill, which will be submitted to the legislature. This bill provides that tuberculosis cows shall be killed and that the full value of the animals, as it may be ascertained by appraisal, shall be paid out of the state treasury. The Massachusetts law now being enforced gives the owner half of the appraised value, but it is probable that the legislature now in session will increase this allowance.

The Connecticut commissioners on diseases of domestic animals, one of whom has been for many years a breeder of fine stock, submitted a few days ago a report, in which they say:

"Incontrovertible observations have established these facts beyond dispute: First, that it (tuberculosis) is a contagious disease; second, that it is intercommunicable between the human family and various species of animals. Hence these conclusions follow: First, that tuberculosis is a preventible disease; second, as a question of food supply, sound public economy calls for investigation and control by the state; third, as related to the health and lives of the human race, all the claims of philanthropy and self-preservation unite in the demand that wise sanitary law should stand with moral law as elevating and sustaining a nation, for physical health unites with moral soundness in national power; fourth, these postulates being accepted, it follows that wise and efficient legislation is now demanded, providing sufficient means for the investigation and control of tuberculosis."

Reference is made to the "decided steps," taken by all the adjoining states and to the value of the tuberculin test. "Thus equipped with a knowledge of the foe and means for determining its presence," the commissioners says, "the cause only needs legal, moral and pecuniary support." The commission's veterinarian has recently subjected 149 cows to the tuberculin test, and he found the disease in 31 of these.

During he last few months there have published in the Connecticut papers many letters on this subject. We find in the Hartford Times of the 24th instant one which relates an instructive experience. A farmer residing in the old town of Windsor writes that he became anxious a year ago about the condition of a very fine cow, which has a cough. A veternarian was called in, and he decided that the cow had "a local trouble of the throat," for which he prescribed. A few months later the owner, still anxious, induced the cattle commissioners to inspect the cow twice, but they were in doubt as to the nature of the ailment. The owner says:

"Finally, I prohibited the use of her milk and concluded to try an experiment of my own. I procured two handsome kittens from different parties and confined them to the milk of this cow for food. For a time they thrived finely. They they began to cough and wheeze in a most distressing manner, and to grow poor and thin, until at the time when they died I do not think they weighed a pound apiece."

Then the commissioners advised the use of the tuberculin test, and this test showed that the cow was tuberculous. She was killed and examination showed that she had been "badly affected." "The only wonder seems to be," says the owner, "that she had lived so long. At the time when she was killed she was milking about eight quarts a day." He continues as follows:

"Then, having another cow standing by the side of this one, I determined to have her tested, though I did not for a moment suspect her, never having heard her cough, and she appeared to be in the finest condition. Yet she had to be killed, and no doctor on earth could have told that she had tuberculosis without the tuberculin test.

"I do not know for certain that the milk killed the kittens, but, having a family of children, I feel easier that these cows are dead. No amount of money would induce me to eat or use the milk of cattle in the shape they proved to be when slaughtered. One of the physicians who was present when the first cow was killed has not used a drop of milk since, and cannot be induced to use any."

This little story reveals nothing new, but it had the merit of directing attention to all the prominent truths which have been established by the history of thousands of cases and the record of work in many places during the last three or four years. The failure of the ordinary veterinarian to detect the disease the existence of the disease in cows which seem to be in excellent condition, the spread of it among associated cows by contagion or infection, the fact that considerable quantities of milk are given by cows in an advanced stage of the malady, the value of the tuberculin test, the very dangerous character of the milk of a consumptive cow—all these things are pointed out by this little narrative of what took place last year at Mr. Piper's farm in Windsor—New York Times.

BRADLAUGH'S LECTURE.

The Great Freethinker's Description of Some of his Hardships.

I had lectured in Edinburgh in midwinter; the audience was small; the profits microscopical. After paying my bill at the Temperance hotel, where I then stayed, I had only a few shillings over the parliamentary fare to Bolton, where I was next to lecture. I was out of bed at five o'clock on a freezing morning, and could have no breakfast, as the people were not up. I carried my luggage a big tin box, corded round, which then held my books and clothes and a small black bag, for I could not spare any of my scanty cash for a conveyance or porter.

The train from Edinburgh being delayed by a severe snowstorm, the corresponding parliamentary had left Carlisle long before our arrival. In order to reach Bolton in time for my lecture I had to book by a quick train, starting in about three quarters of an hour, and could only book to Preston, as the increased fare took all of my money except 4 1-2d. With this small sum I could get no refreshment at the station, but in a little shop on a street outside I got a mug of hot tea and a little hot meat pie.

From Preston I got with great difficulty on to Bolton, handing my black bag to the station master there as security for my fare from Preston until the morning. I arrived in Bolton about 7.45; the lecture commenced at 8; and I, having barely time to run to my lodgings, and wash and change, went on the platform cold and hungry. I shall never forget that lecture; it was in an old Unitarian chapel.

We had no gas, the building seemed full of foggymist, and was imperfectly lit with candles. Everything appeared cold, cheerless and gloomy. The most amusing feature was that an opponent, endowed with extra piety and forbearance, chose that evening to specially attack me for the money making and easy life I was leading.—Charles Bradlaugh—A Record of His Life, by his Daughter.

NAPOLEON FOND OF HOMER.

He Thought the Poet Was the Encyclopedist of His Time.

The emperor, says Figaro, admired Homer in every way and thus expressed himself on the subject:

"The Iliad, as much as Genesis and the Bible, is the sign and token of its time. Homer in his work is poet, orator, legislator, geographer, and theologian; he is the encyclopedist of his time. Homer is inimitable. Father Hardouin had the temerity to impugn this sacred monument of antiquity and to attribute it to a monk of the tenth century, an impertinent imbecility. Never have I been struck with his beauties as now (1816) and the sensations which he aroused in me confirm the justice of the approbation accorded to him by the whole world. What strikes me especially in reading the pages of the work is the grossness of the customs as compared with the elevation of the thought of the epoch. We see heroes killing their own beef, preparing it with their own hands, and yet pronouncing discourses of a rare eloquence and worthy of a high civilization. In the Odyssey I greatly disapprove of the combat between Ius and Ulysses on the threshold of his own palace, both disguised as beggars. I consider this episode wretched, coarse, unbecoming and unworthy of a king. * * * * And then, after having eliminated everything that I find objectionable I feel what still effects me. I put myself in his place, I am seized with the fear of being beaten by a common fellow. It is not given to every prince, to every general, to have the shoulders of his guards, or his grenadiers, to convert himself into a street porter at will.

"The good Homer remedies all this by making his heroes so many colossi; but this is not the case with us. What chance would we have if we still lived in the happy days when physical strength was the real scepter? It would come to this, that Nouverras, my valet, who waits upon us, would be king over us all. We must agree, then, that civilization does everything for the mind, and favors it exclusively at the expense of the body."—Boston Journal.

BIRTH.

FLINTON—On February 5th at Cedar Hill, the wife of J. W. Flinton of a daughter.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Feb. 5.—Mrs Illsby, J M McDonald, J S McMillan, F R Manning, F Consuelas, J Cooper, Geo McRae, Mrs Lindsey, Mrs Gordan, M J Hogan, P Anderson, S Peterson, A C Barnes, Wm Mitchell, F S Williams, Chas Hoska, F Falmer, C Guise, C E Jones, L R Learned, Miss J E Harris, Capt W E George.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Feb. 1.—J H Todd & Son, Fell & Co, Weeks & Robson, J K Devlin, Simon Leiser.

J. Sluggett & Co.,

Having gone into the Dairy Business, we are able to supply good and fresh Milk from the Saanich Dairy. Morning and evening delivery. Other farm produce also supplied.

Leave orders at office, 24 Hillside Ave.,

SOME... Ball Requisites.

FOR GENTLEMEN.

$2 00 Dress Shirts reduced to $1.50.
$1.50 Dress Shirts reduced to $1 00.
$1 25 Kid Gloves reduced to 75c.
75c. Kid Gloves reduced to 50c.

S. REID,

122 Government Street, Next New England Hotel.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

THE GREAT STRENGTH-GIVER.

THE MOST PERFECT FORM OF CONCENTRATED NOURISHMENT.

Stimulating, Strengthening, Invigorating.

OLD COUNTRY BOOT STORE

If you

Don't Know

where to purchase cheap and good Babies' Shoes you

Don't Need

to go further than the above address where they can be purchased from 25 cents upwards.

Ladies' slippers from 25 cents upwards; cheap lot of ladies' (strong) both leather and gutta percha suitable for rough wear.

91 Johnson Street,
Between Broad and Douglas Streets.

JAMES FREEL, Proprietor.

WHO IS YOUR TAILOR?

CREIGHTON,
The Tailor.

Will sell at Cost for the NEXT TEN DAYS for CASH only.
Winter and Spring Suitings. Just call and see them, for they are great value for the money you will have to give.

J. W. CREIGHTON,
FINE TAILORING PARLORS.
86 Government St. - - Victoria, B. C.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

Allan Line, Mongolian	Feb. 16
Allan Line, Laurentian	Mar. 2
Allan Line, Numidian	Mar. 16
Dominion Line, Labrador	Feb. 23
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Mar. 9
Dominion Line, Oregon	Mar. 23

From New York.

Cunard Line, Umbria	Feb. 10
Cunard Line, Aurania	Feb. 23
American Line, Berlin	Feb. 13
American Line, New York	Feb. 20
White Star Line, Teutonic	Feb. 13
White Star Line, Britannic	Feb. 20
North Ger. Lloyd, Saale	Feb. 19
North Ger. Lloyd, Ems	Feb. 26
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Feb. 23
Red Star Line, Rhyniand	Feb. 13
Red Star Line, Westernland	Feb. 20
Allan State Line State of California	Feb. 14

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25.00 to $40.00. Steerage, $10.00 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5.00 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, - - Agent, Victoria Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

AMUSEMENTS.

PYTHIAN HOME SOCIAL SERIES.

Anniversary Social Dance,

Castle Hall, Duck Building, Broad Street.
Wednesday Evening, February 6th, 1895.

Tickets, $1.50, including supper.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY **Feb'y 7 & 8.**

The Comedy Event of the Season.

RICKETTS' TROUBADOURS,

In brilliant comedy. The inimitable comedian

MR. TOM RICKETTS,

And his own company of comedians, in the latest farcical comedy,

Colonel Jack,

"Let those laugh now
Who never laughed before.
And those who laughed
Now laugh the more."

Funniest and best of comedies. A laugh from start to finish. Sparkling gems of music. See the Sisters O'Brien in their great specialties. See little Ethel in her dances, songs and imitations. Hear Miss Carrie Roma in her charming operatic selections. Everything new and up to date. Nothing but laughter. A cure for that tired feeling. Seats on sale at Jameson's. Usual prices.

FINNAN HADDIES,

NO. 1 MACKEREL,

in 1-2 bbls. and kits.

LABRADOR HERRING,

all newly arrived.

FRESH EASTERN OYSTERS,

received regularly.

Erskine, Wall & Co.,

Cor. Covt. and Fort Sts.

FOR THE NORTH

(The trip including Skidegate.)

The Steamer

BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, will sail for Fort Simpson and way ports via Vancouver on

Tuesday, Februrary 5th,

At 7 o'clock p.m. from Spratt's wharf. For freight or passage apply to

CAPT. J. D. WARREN,
6 Trounce Avenue.
Manager.